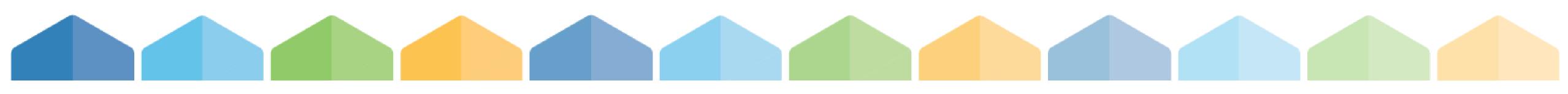




Integrated Performance Report

January 2021



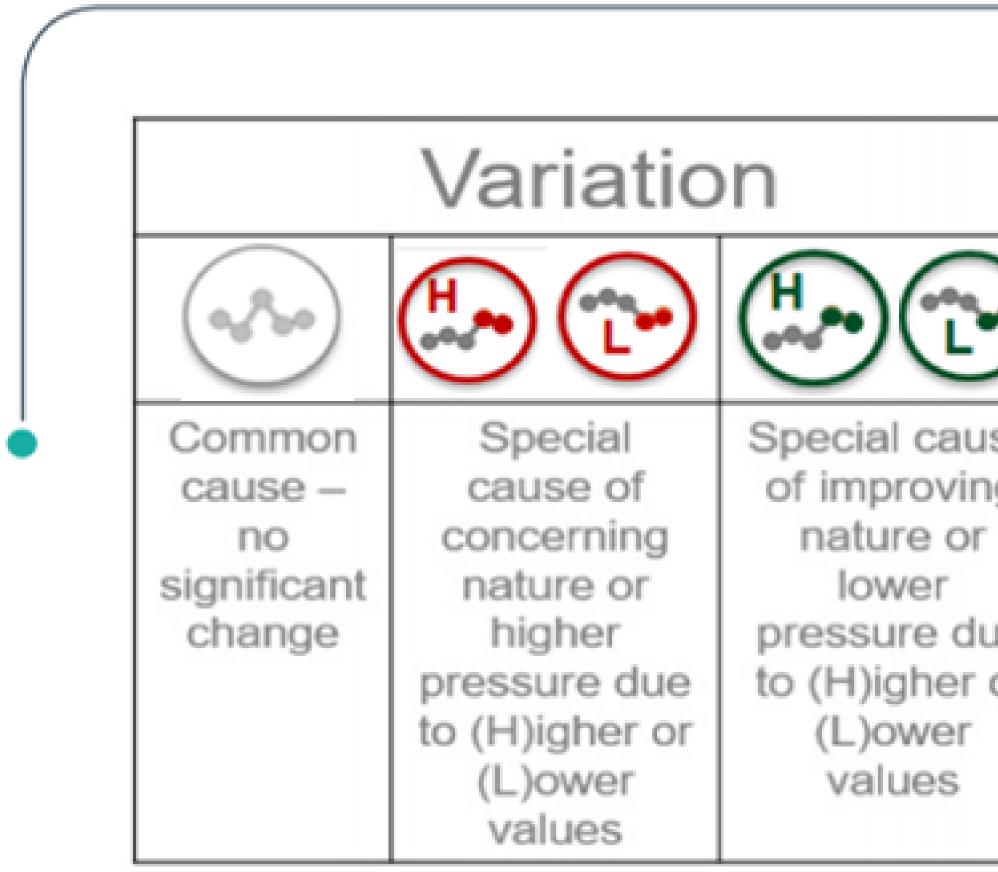




Report Guide

Exceptions, Variation and Assurance

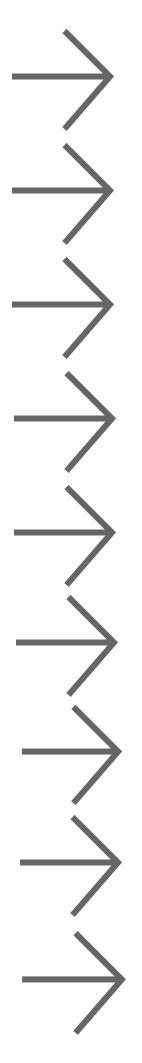
As seen in the above visual. Statistical Control Charts (SPC) are used to define variation and targets to provide assurance. Variation that is deemed outside the defined lower and upper limit will be shown as a red dot. Where available variation is defined using weekly data and if its not available monthly charts have been used. Icons are used following best practice from NHS Digital and adapted to YAS. The definitions for these can be found below.



	Assurance									
)	?		F							
ue or	Variation indicates inconsistently hitting passing and falling short of the target	Variation indicates consistently (P)assing the target	Variation indicates consistently (F)alling short of the target							



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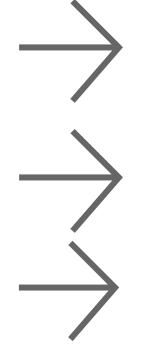


Strategy and Priorities Overview Service Transformation & System Pressures Transformation Programme Dashboards KPI Exceptions (999, IUC, PTS, Quality and Workforce) Workforce Summary Finance Summary Patient Demand Summary Patient Experience (Quality) Patient Clinical Effectiveness







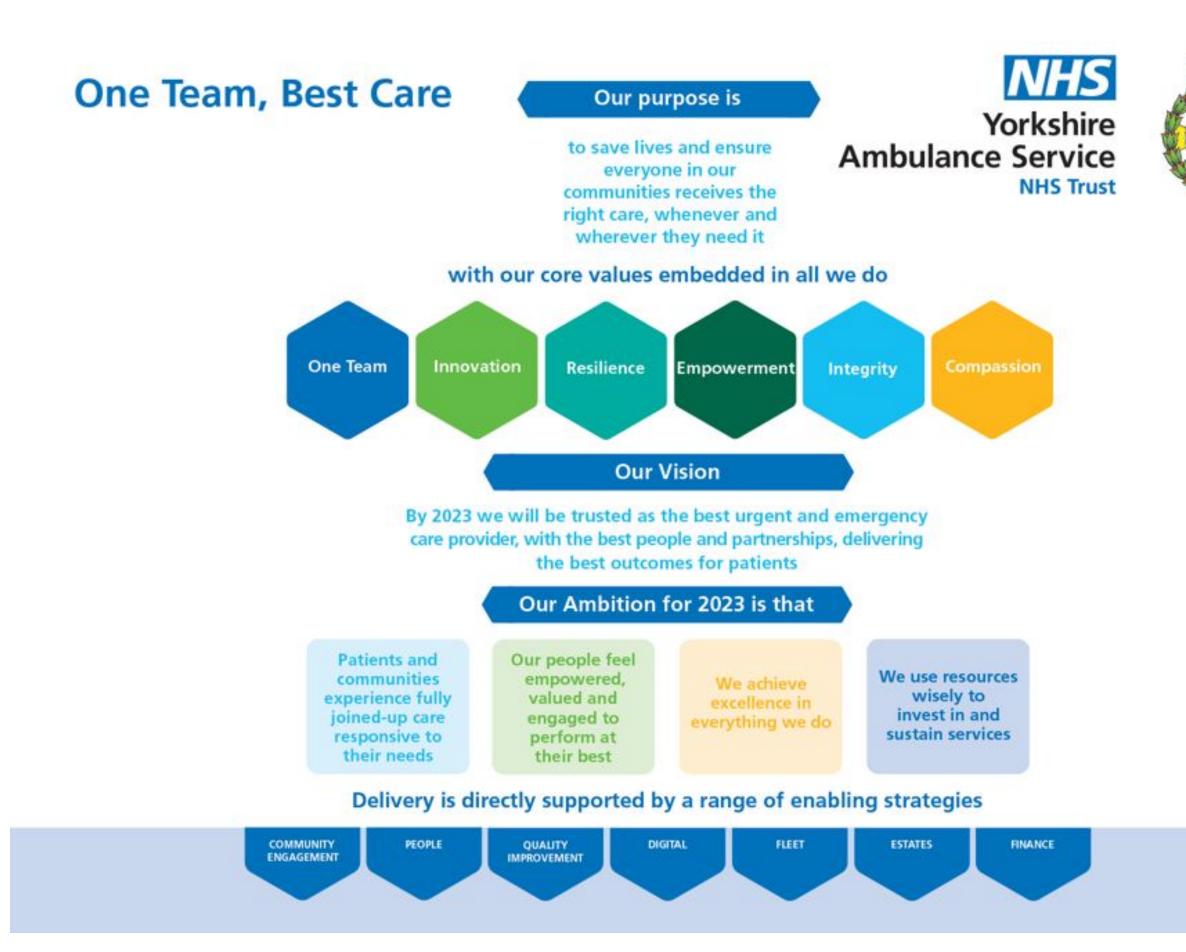


Patient Outcomes Summary

Patient Safety (Quality)

Fleet and Estates

Strategy, Ambitions & Key Priorities









Service Transformation & System Pressures

Yorkshire Wide

- Response shared with each Y&H ICS
- System focus on Testing capacity and vaccine deployment.
- COVID related capital plans: ongoing confirmation of agreed funding alongside new potential capital funds. Further confirmation required on remaining YAS proposals.
- YAS engagement in wider planned care forums to ensure YAS service offers remain appropriate and effective.
- NHS 111 First EDDI tool live within each ICS across Yorkshire

Humber Coast and Vale

- ICS priorities and future workstreams over next 6 months: Expanding ICS Local CAS Direct Booking funding secured to commission an "any-to-any" booking Delivery of end to end pathways – aligned to the DOS (including conveyance)
- broadly supportive of the proposals.
- Vocare continuing to provide additional clinical support (local CAS for HCV) for NHS 111 First
- Planned reconfiguration of acute Paediatric services in Scarborough YAS continuing to be engaged and involved in planning
- Humber Acute Service Review is ongoing YAS engaged in planning.
- Humber Children's Community Care (III Child) project at initial scoping stage, review of provider and commissioner data
- working to understand impact as more information is provided
- Initial conversations with HUTH re YAS access to the Acute Care Navigation Hub to reduce ED attendances
- further to explore opportunities for access to Frailty Score.
- 3 month pilot went live on Mon 8 Feb and aims to ease some of the congestion at ED and ensure patients access the right place, first time.



• National consultation proposing new Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) Standards and Measures – YAS submitted formal response (deadline 12 February 2021) – YAS

• Winter and flu vaccination – monitoring the system position.

• Full national planning guidance anticipated during Q1 2021/22. • Ongoing YAS engagement with system planning to support response to COVID and winter planning.

system • 7 Day SDEC expansion – focus on frailty and paediatrics as well as surgical and medical • UTC provision – improving consistent provision against national criteria – UTC YAS audit underway to inform future stakeholder engagement and improve consistent access to YAS clinicians (currently paused due to capacity issues) •

• ICS draft response to the proposed new UEC Standards and Measures includes suggestion that ambulance handover response KPI moved to pre-hospital bundle, but

• Friarage future plans – expansion of theatre capacity (planned Autumn 2023), decrease patient selection for elective surgery (planned March 21) – YAS linked in and

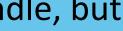
• Frailty response line in Hull/ER – pilot continues to be successful and popular with YAS crews, extended to receive 111 referrals. Work ongoing to develop service

• Hull Royal Same Day Care Unit (SDCU) – a new pathway has been implemented for all YAS clinicians to directly access the same day medical care unit for patients. The

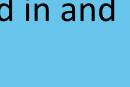


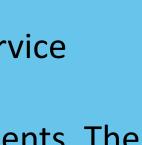












Service Transformation & System Pressures

West Yorkshire & Harrogate ICS

- ICS undertaking a review of their operating model in response to the ICS Next Steps Consultation.
- NHSE and NHSI. The main proposals are detailed as:
- arrangements at place and ICS level. Development of a common HR framework. The further development of the commissioning futures programme.

• Key reconfigurations across WY&H: 1. Calderdale & Huddersfield FT emergency department changes, 2. Mid Yorkshire frailty SDECs – Demand and safety changes made to pathways due to covid-19. Set to return to BAU from March 2021, 3. LTHT Children's & Maternity hospital changes – centralisation of services to LGI site 4. Leeds CYP mental Health in-patient unit changes – Change of provider from LCH to LYPFT from March 2021; change of site and increase in bed numbers from Dec 2021

- NHS 111 First EDDI live across all acute sites for West Yorkshire
- Local Care Direct continues to support ED validation from NHS 111 for under 11s and 1 & 2 hour primary care dispositions.
- Homes

• Focus on BAME community take up of vaccines across our region and at an ICS level and how this can be better promoted – linked into YAS Staff Vaccination Programme.

South Yorkshire and Bassettlaw ICS

- Early discussions are being had around a reconfiguration at Scunthorpe Hospital with the potential impact on waiting times and journeys to DRI YAS involved.
- HASU review seen increase in handover times for stroke patients, work ongoing to understand this.
- Successful Community Resilience volunteer recruitment in Sheffield aiming to replicate Hull model
- Mental Health info requests and collaborative working with South Yorks police ongoing.
- MH conveyance pressures being reviewed by YAS MH Development Nurse.
- Delays to SY&B U&EC Hosted Network work on system wide SDEC and ED diversion approaches.
- NHS 111 First EDDI live across SY&B; a number of issues still to be resolved.
- Pathway changes (due to COVID) monitored including all emergency paediatric surgery to Sheffield Children's Hospital.

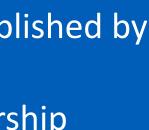


• WY&H SLE Group meeting on 12 January 2021, a paper was presented outlining the WY&H response to the Next Steps for Integrated Care Systems paper published by

• The creation of an Integrated Care Partnership (ICP) development framework. • A new financial framework for the ICS. • Proposals for system clinical leadership

• Community Resilience NHS Together funding distributed – allocated to 6 CR vehicles in 2021 and education of volunteers in Care Homes to reduce pressure from Care









Programme Dashboard - Jan 21

									NH5 ITUSC	
	Infrastruc	ture	IUEC Programme							
ProjectName	Overall Budget/ Costs	Comms Delivery	KPIs Resources	Risks & Issues	ProjectName		get/ Comms Deliver osts	y KPIs	Resources	
Hub & Spoke and AVP Logistics Hub					IUEC PROGRAMME					
P106 ePR Phase 3 (Development) P109 N365 Implementation P91 Unified Communications			N/A		01. Aligned Strategy 02. NHS 111 First Capacity	N/	A		N/A	
Unified Comms is RAG rated AMBER. N365 is RAG rated AMBER. The paper					 03. 111 First to ED 04. Aligning Patient Pathway 05. EOC Clinical Model 06. CAT 2 (4) Validation Trail 					
original timelines.					06. CAT 3/4 Validation Trail07. EOC Clnical Toolkit08. Mental Health Plan	N/	A		N/A	
ePR Phase 3 continues to be RAG rat	ed AMBER with the p	project on track and	no issues to report	t.	09. Remote Clinical Assessment People Project	N/		N/A		
Hub & Spoke and AVP continues to b			icern.		10. Comms & Engagement 11. Monitor & Control and Evaluation	N/ N/		N/A	N/A	
Logistics Hub is also rated Green with	no areas of concern									
Service D	Delivery and Int	egrated Work		Capacity	and Capability					
ProjectName	Overall Budget/ Costs	Comms Delivery	KPIs Resources	Risks & Issues	ProjectName		get/ Comms Deliver sts	y KPIs	Resources	
Integrated Transport Pilot Rotational Paramedics	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	Accountability Framework					

	IUEC Programme														
ProjectName	Overall	Budget/ Costs	Comms	Delivery	KPIs	Resources	Risks & Issues		ProjectName	Overall	Budget/ Costs	Comms Delivery	v KPIs	Resources	
Hub & Spoke and AVP									IUEC PROGRAMME						
Logistics Hub															
P106 ePR Phase 3 (Development) P109 N365 Implementation											·				
P91 Unified Communications					N/A				01. Aligned Strategy 02. NHS 111 First Capacity		N/A			N/A	
Unified Comms is RAG rated AMBER.	TEG agree	d to re-pr	ofile pha	sed migra	tions to	Feb / Mar '2	21.		02. NHS III First Capacity 03. 111 First to ED						
									04. Aligning Patient Pathway						
N365 is RAG rated AMBER. The paper	presented	to TMG a	and TEG v	v/c 04.01.	21 appro	oved an exte	ension to t	he	05. EOC Clinical Model 06. CAT 3/4 Validation Trail						
original timelines.									07. EOC Clnical Toolkit		N/A			N/A	
									08. Mental Health Plan		·				
ePR Phase 3 continues to be RAG rate	d AMBER	with the p	oroject o	n track and	d no issu	les to repor	t.		09. Remote Clinical Assessment		N/A		N/A		
Hub & Cnake and AV/D continues to be	DAC rata		with no o	roos of co					People Project 10. Comms & Engagement		N/A		N/A		
Hub & Spoke and AVP continues to be	RAG fale	U GREEN V	with no a	reas of co	ncem.				11. Monitor & Control and		N/A			N/A	
Logistics Hub is also rated Green with	no areas o	of concern	l.						Evaluation						
Service D	elivery	and Int	egrate	d Work	force					Capa	acity and	d Capability			
ProjectName	Overall	Budget/	Comms	Delivery	KPIs	Resources	Risks &		ProjectName	Overall	Budget/	Comms Delivery	/ KPIs	Resources	
		Costs					lssues				Costs				
Integrated Transport Pilot									Accountability Framework						
Rotational Paramedics		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	I							
Team Based Working															

Team Based Working is RAG rated AMBER. A Gate 1 Business Opportunity document relating to the **Capacity and Capability** performance is rated AMBER. In response to Covid19, the Accountability Paramedic career pathway, a key strand of TBW, was reviewed at TMG Gate sub group, 03.11.20, followed by Framework plan has been recast and agreed with the working group. Gate 2 Business Case, 01.12.20. A final version of the Business Case (Gate 2) is expected to be presented at TMG, 27.01.21. The Integrated Transport Pilot re-started 14.12.20. The project team report a significant increase in journeys since the pilot re-started, alongside positive feedback from staff. A risk has been identified realting to capacity to undertake the project evaluation, expected Feb / Mar '21. The Rotational Paramedic Project is RAG rated AMBER. The project, currently on PAUSE will re-start once Covid-19 pressures pass.

Yorkshire **Ambulance Service**











999 IPR Key Exceptions - Jan 21

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
999 - Answer Mean		00:00:11	(
999 - Answer 95th Percentile		00:01:13	H	
999 - Answer 99th Percentile		00:02:48	H	
999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	00:07:00	00:08:00	H	F
999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	00:15:00	00:13:43	H	
999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	00:18:00	00:24:30	H	F
999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	00:40:00	00:52:00	H	F
999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	01:00:00	01:03:08	H	F
999 - C3 90th (T -<2Hrs)	02:00:00	02:34:58	H	F
999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	03:00:00	04:08:48	H	F
999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins		354	H	
999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins		1,202	H	
999 - Job Cycle Time		02:08:19	H	
999 - Avg Hospital Turnaround	00:30:00	00:38:39	H	F

Call Answer - The Call Answer Mean increased in January 2021 by 3 seconds compared to December 2020 and is mainly attributed to the adverse weather conditions experienced on 14th January 2021 when the Call Answer Mean for that day was 52 seconds. The extremities within the call answer times can be further seen within the 95th and 99th percentiles.

<u>Cat 1-4 Performance</u> - All response performance remained at similar levels to those experienced in the previous month with all national targets missed except for the C1 90th percentile. The increases in Call Answer Mean along with the adverse weather conditions across the region which caused the declaration of a major incidents caused detrimental impacts on the performance times. Increased job cycle and the current levels of sickness and abstractions reduce resource availability and subsequently cause impacts on response performance. Resource availability has continued to be a particular issue across January, however, there have been slight increases in the proportion of time available to deal with new incidents when compared to previous months, albeit with South being below the required resource hours by 20%.

Responses Tail (C1 and C2) - Aligned with the pressure on response performance the number of incidents with response times greater than the 90th percentile targets have increased in C2, however, there has been a slight reduction in C1. As with other measures, these have been impacted on by the adverse weather conditions experienced across the region on 14th January when a major incident was declared.

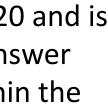
Job cycle time - Average Job Cycle time (Call time to last resource clear) is higher than last year and has seen increases since the initial COVID-19 lockdown in 2020 ended. Throughout January there have been increases due to growths in the time spent on scene time and increased hospital times.

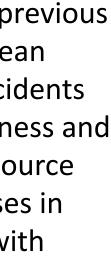
Hospital - Average hospital turnaround times in January 2021 were similar to the previous month and also similar to those experienced in January 2020. There have been slight reductions in the average patient handover time and increases in the crew clear element of the process ensuring the average times still remain at a similar level to previous months. Average Crew Clear has increased since COVID-19 as more processes are undertaken post patient handover such as further cleaning of resources and making resources and crews ready for their next incident. ED conveyance has reduced 6.1 percentage points from January 2020 to January 2021 which is a vital National KPI.

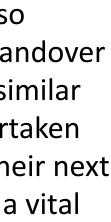


Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Nick Smith)









IUC and PTS IPR Key Indicators - Jan 21

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
IUC - Answered in 60 Secs	90.0%	90.4%		
IUC - Core Clinical Advice	30.0%	28.7%	(00 ⁰ /200)	F
IUC - Direct Bookings	30.0%	38.9%	H	
IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	60.0%	52.8%	(0) ² 00	F
IUC - ED validations %	50.0%	43.4%		F
IUC - Ambulance validations %	95.0%	99.3%	(00 ⁰ /00)	

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	90.0%	99.0%	(agha)	
PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	90.0%	88.7%	(agha)	F
PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	90.4%	92.8%	H	
PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	90.8%	87.1%	H	F
PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	90.0%	85.3%	(0, ⁰ 00)	F

IUC Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)

Demand was lower than forecast again in January as it had been in December, at 0.5% below the contract floor and 14.9% below the ceiling. Nevertheless January saw a return to demand being higher than the same month last year - calls answered were 5.1% higher than January 2020.

Calls answered performance was lower than the good performance in December, at 90.4% compared with 96.3%. However this was still above the 90% target and was the second consecutive month that this KPI was achieved after several months below target before that.

The proportion of Clinician Call Backs made within 1 hour was 52.8%, below the 60% target and lower than the 56.1% in December. Clinical advice has been much closer to the 30% target in recent weeks through positive changes that have been made, especially to ED validations. Work continues to be done to understand clinical advice more generally.

Ambulance validations were above target, however ED validations have missed the target for two consecutive months as a result of UTCs being identified as a priority above ED validation service by commissioners. The implication of the change reduces the cases going to ED validation and this issue is being discussed with commissioners and NHS England to understand the best patient pathway and impact on target delivery. Short term recognising this issue during January we have made changes to our ED validation profiles and as a result performance has been better in recent weeks, hitting the 50% target in the last two weeks of January

PTS Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)

The contractual KPI performance measures have been suspended in line with NHS England Guidance due to COVID 19. PTS is maintaining a good level of service for our renal patients.

January saw an 11% increase in Discharge activity, despite this performance remained at the same levels as previous months, with 'Short Notice – Pick Up in 120 Mins' only seeing a -1.2% variance to December. Short Notice outwards performance continues to fall just below the target, and is much improved in comparison to performance, pre Covid.

Call answer performance continues to increase in comparison to the summer and autumn months and now falls -4.7% below the 90% target. Demand saw a -3.5% drop in activity compared to December, and was -26.2% lower than January the previous year. Covid continues to affect demand, with extreme weather conditions in January also had an impact.



Support Services IPR Key Indicators - Jan 21

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
All Incidents Reported		995	H	
Serious		5	H	
Moderate and Above Harm		49	H	
Concern		19		
Service to Service		49		
% FOI Request Compliance	90.0%	96.3%	H	

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
Turnover (FTE) %		8.3%		
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	5.0%	8.9%	(ag ^A bo	F
Special Leave		4.8%	(H->	
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	90.0%	70.9%	(ag ⁰ co)	F
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	90.0%	85.3%		F
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	90.0%	96.6%		
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	90.0%	67.4%	\bigcirc	F

New Statutory and Mandatory Training figures are available and demonstrate a performance on IG and Fire Training compliance with a Trust average almost at the 90% target. The 3-Year Training is well within Target.

<u>uality and Safety Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Steve Page)</u> cidents

cidents reported has risen to 995 last month, significantly higher than last January. Moderate & above harm creased to 49 in January with 18 from Staff, 21 incidents from Patients and others related to the Trust.

tient Safety

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ncerns are lower than last January (19 compared to 49) and similar with Service to Service contacts (49 compared th 122), falling below the lower limit. Complaints are higher than last year but have remained stable for 3 months.

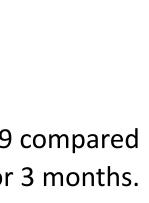
<u>Workforce Exceptions - Comments (Associate Director Responsible - Suzanne Hartshorne</u> Claus Madsen)

irnover across the Trust has remained stable at 8.3% and continues at its lowest level being 1.4 percentage points wer than last January.

ckness absence, particularly short-term absence, remains of particular concern. Short term absences following the ceipt of the COVID vaccine is also contributing to this. In addition, the Trust is starting to see a number of staff (41 aff absent for more than 12 weeks) with long COVID and hence long term absence, for this reason, it is likely to crease over the coming months. Special leave continues to be high due to isolation and shielding. Shielding osences are likely to continue until the end of the national lockdown.

ne PDR KPI improvement in recent months has stalled in January, with the exception of IUC where the target is et. For other frontline services, the availability of staff and pressure on services has contributed to the low rate. ne PDR rate for Corporate Services is still much lower than expected. This is believed to be due to failures in cording correctly on ESR rather than non-completion. Managers have been reminded of the methodology on how to do this and this has led to increase in recorded completion.





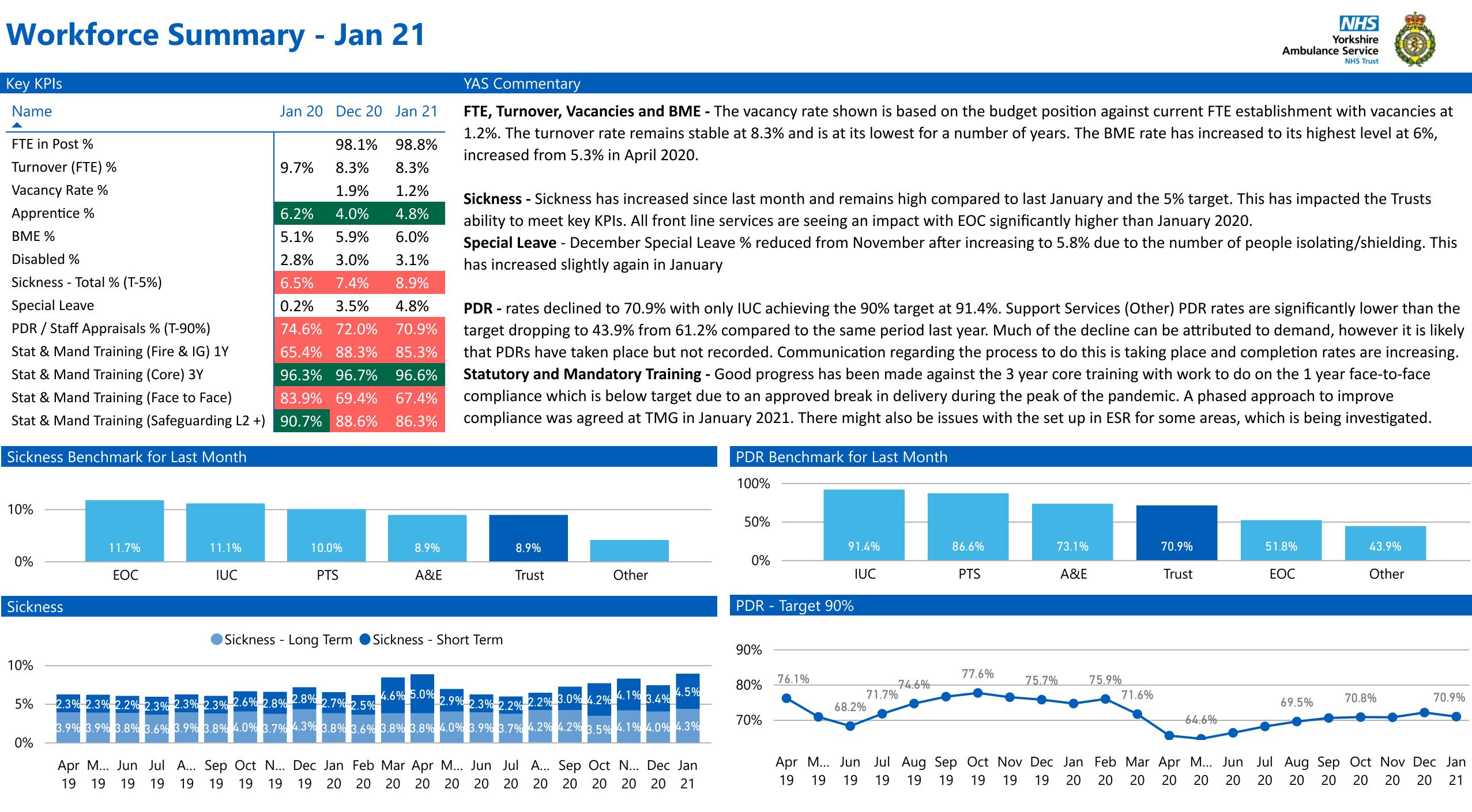




lev	KPIs	

Name	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21
FTE in Post %		98.1%	98.8%
Turnover (FTE) %	9.7%	8.3%	8.3%
Vacancy Rate %		1.9%	1.2%
Apprentice %	6.2%	4.0%	4.8%
BME %	5.1%	5.9%	6.0%
Disabled %	2.8%	3.0%	3.1%
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	6.5%	7.4%	8.9%
Special Leave	0.2%	3.5%	4.8%
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	74.6%	72.0%	70.9%
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	65.4%	88.3%	85.3%
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	96.3%	96.7%	96.6%
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	83.9%	69.4%	67.4%
Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	90.7%	88.6%	86.3%
Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	90.7%	88.6%	86.3%

YAS Commentary





YAS Finance Summary (Director Responsible Kathryn Vause) - Jan 21

Overview

Risk Rating - Under the "Single Oversight Framework" the overall Trust's rating for the year to date remains at 1 (1 being lowest risk, 4 being highest risk). As advised by NHSE/I organisations remain within previously assessed rating and will only move segments under exceptional circumstances during 20/21. If the risk rating was reassessed the Trust rating would be at 2 as a result of having a planned deficit for the second half of the year.

Trust Surplus/(Deficit) - The Trust has a year to date accounting deficit at the end of January (Month 10) of (£0.97m) against the plan of (£0.97m). The Trust was in a breakeven position for month 1 to 6 due to the Covid-19 Business Rules for that period. The planned deficit for the remainder of the year is (£1.754m).

Capital - YTD expenditure is currently running behind plan due to the issues experienced during the Covid pandemic. Mitigating actions have been agreed and are progressing, the Trust continues to forecast achieving the full level of planned spend.

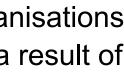
Cash - At the end of January the Trust had £92m cash at bank, higher than plan and the average monthly balance in 2019/20. The increase in cash balances reflects the revised financial regime with the monthly income block payments now made in advance in addition to the reduced level capital expenditure year to date.

CIP - Due to the temporary finance regime only those schemes that can be achieved without detriment to the Trust's response to Covid remain, other schemes suspended.

Month and YTD Position (£000s)						Month	Monthly View (£000s)										
Name •	Month Plan	Month Actual	Month Plan v Actual	YTD Plan	YTD Actual	YTD Plan v Actual	Indicator Name 🕶	2020-04	2020-05	2020-06	2020-07	2020-08	2020-09	2020-10	2020-11	2020-12	2021-
Surplus/ (Deficit)	-£88	-£88	£0	-£966	-£966	£O	Surplus/ (Deficit)							-£219	-£243	-£416	-£8
Cash	£85,911	£92,149	£6,238	£85,911	£92,149	£6,238	Cash	£76,062	£81,510	£76,988	£79,694	£82,331	£83,579	£86,976	£89,615	£90,086	£92,1
Capital	£1,073	£1,951	£878	£7,211	£5,575	-£1,636	Capital	£0	£874	£562	£68	£189	£332	£501	£511	£588	£1,9













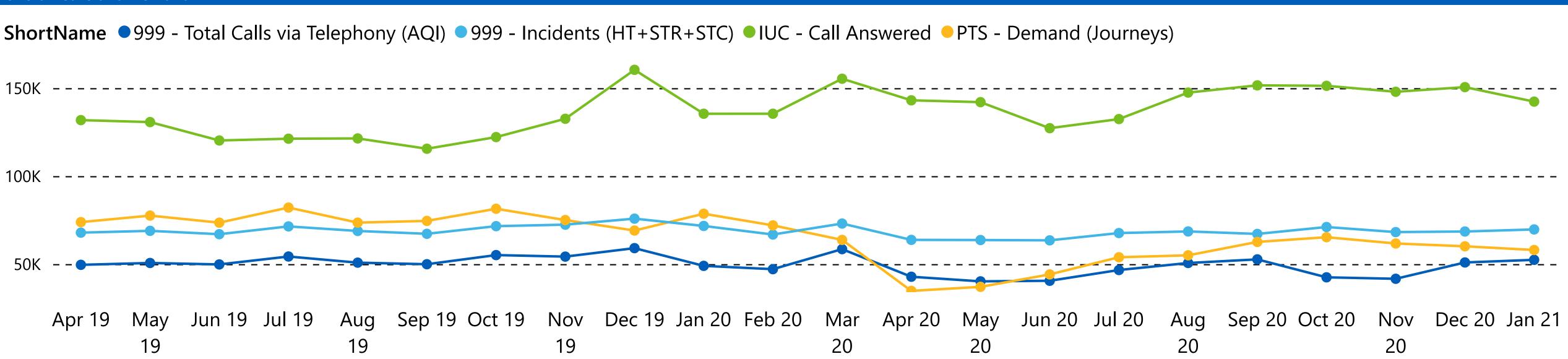


Patient Demand Summary - Jan 21

Demand Summary				Commentary
ShortName	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	999 At Scene Res
999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	71,680	68,515	69,696	is 2.8% lower
999 - Increase - Previous Month	-5.5%	0.5%	1.7%	have not bee
999 - Increase - Same Month Last Year	1.1%	-9.6%	-2.8%	IUC
IUC - Call Answered	135,455	150,578	142,334	Demand wa
IUC - Increase - Previous Month	-15.6%	1.8%	-5.5%	and 14.9% b
IUC - Increase Same Month Last Year		-6.1%	5.1%	year - calls a
IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	-2.3%	-14.6%	-14.9%	ceiling dema
PTS - Demand (Journeys)	78,620	60,112	58,012	PTS
PTS - Increase - Previous Month	13.8%	-2.6%	-3.5%	Actual dema
PTS - Same Month Last Year		-13.0%	-26.2%	months. Der levels.

<u>Click information button for Monthly Table View</u>

Overall Calls and Demand



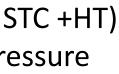


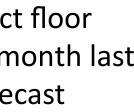
esponse demand is 11.3% lower than forecasted levels whereas All Response Demand (STR + STC +HT) er than January 2020. The profile of demand has changed due to COVID and normal winter pressure en as high in terms of volume.

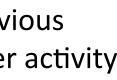
as lower than forecast again in January as it had been in December, at 0.5% below the contract floor below the ceiling. Nevertheless January saw a return to demand being higher than the same month last answered were 5.1% higher than January 2020. To note that from December onwards the forecast and now includes the assumed level of patient calls expected for NHS 111 First.

and compared to normal BAU, dropped to 74% in January, as oppose to 80% plus seen in previous emand was -15% below forecast. Covid and extreme weather conditions contributed to lower activity









Patient Outcomes Summary - Jan 21

Outcomes Summary				999 Outcomes
ShortName	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	● 999 - Hear & T
999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	71,680	68,515	69,696	60%
999 - Hear & Treat %	6.6%	8.9%	10.0%	
999 - See, Treat & Refer %	25.2%	29.1%	29.2%	40%
999 - See, Treat & Convey %	68.2%	62.0%	60.8%	20%
999 - Conveyance to ED %	59.0%	54.4%	52.9%	
999 - Conveyance to Non ED %	9.3%	7.7%	7.9%	Apr May
IUC - Calls Triaged	123,182	141,011	135,719	19 19
IUC - ED %	11.7%	13.9%	14.0%	IUC Outcomes
IUC - Ambulance %	13.4%	12.0%	12.1%	●IUC - ED % ●I
IUC - Selfcare %	4.4%	7.2%	7.2%	
IUC - Other Outcome %	8.9%	12.7%	13.1%	10%
IUC - Primary Care %	57.8%	51.5%	50.4%	1078
IUC - Other Referrals %	3.8%	2.7%	3.1%	ς ο/
PTS - Demand (Journeys)	78,620	60,112	58,012	5%
				Apr May

Click information button for Monthly Table View



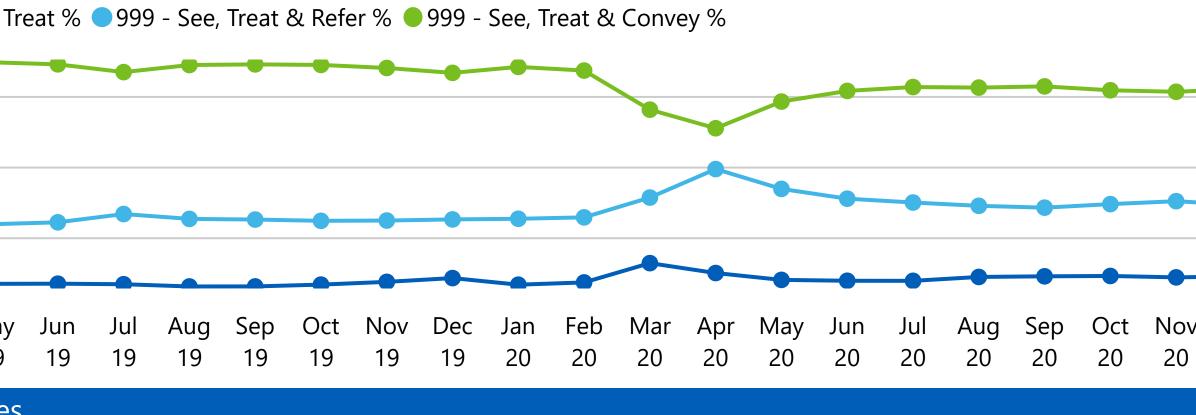
Commentary

When comparing January 2021 against January 2020 in terms of incident outcomes within 999, the level of See, Treat & Refer has increased by 4 percentage points and Hear & Treat has increased by 3.4 percentage points. The increases have subsequently meant a reduction of 7.4 percentage points in See, Treat & Convey and also fewer incidents being transported to ED which is a key national target.

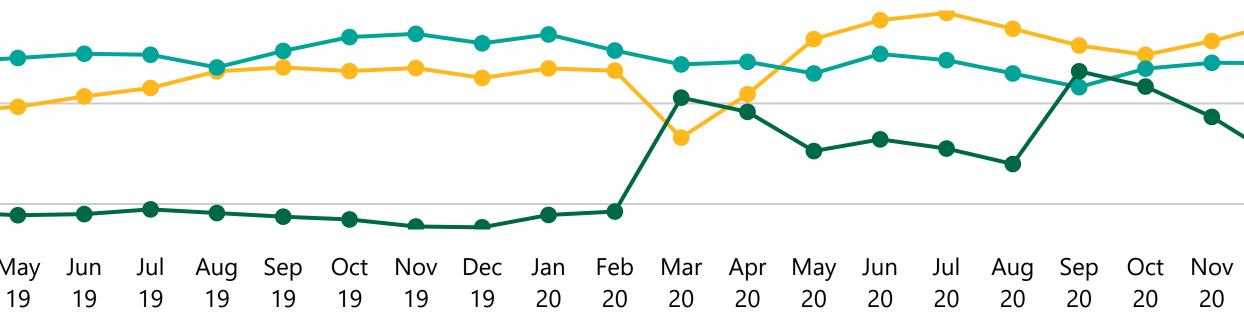
19

IUC Outcomes have been impacted by changing types of calls due to Covid and 111 First. Referrals to ED continue to be higher than previously (12.6% in October, rising to 14.0% in January) and also compared with 2019/20 when the ED referral rate went down over the winter. This is potentially related to changing patient mix from the 111 First campaign and receiving more calls from patients who would have walked into A&E. In addition there has been a reduction in self-care outcomes, in contrast to at other points during the Covid pandemic - this might indicate a shift in Covid-related calls towards higher acuity patients who require an ED attendance rather than self-management.

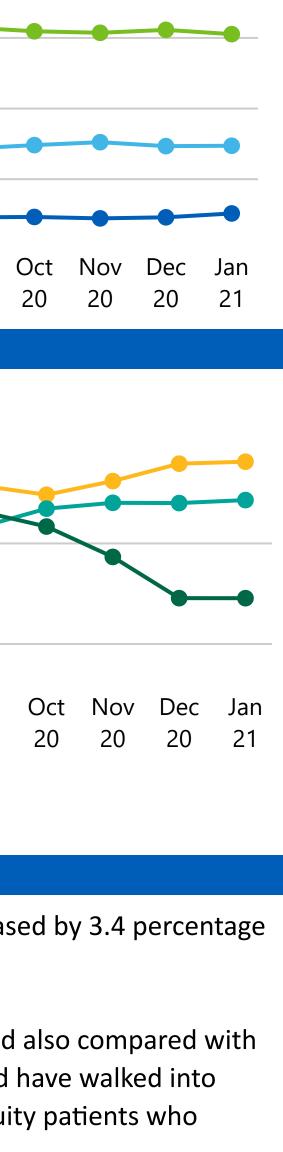












Patient Experience (Director Responsible - Steve Page) - Jan 21

Pat	tient Relations			
Indicator	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	
Service to Service	122	42	49	
Concern	49	23	19	
Compliment	143	128	117	100
Complaint	48	79	69	
				50

Apr May Jun 19 19 19

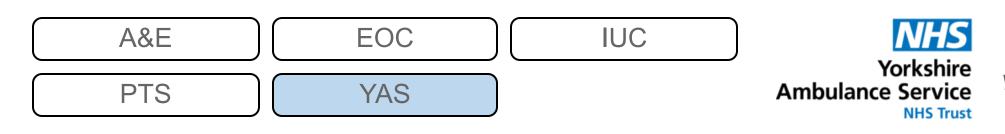
YAS Com	pliance			
	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	Patient Relation The number of co
% FOI Request Compliance	69.7%	100.0%	96.3%	increase in A&E fr on last month but

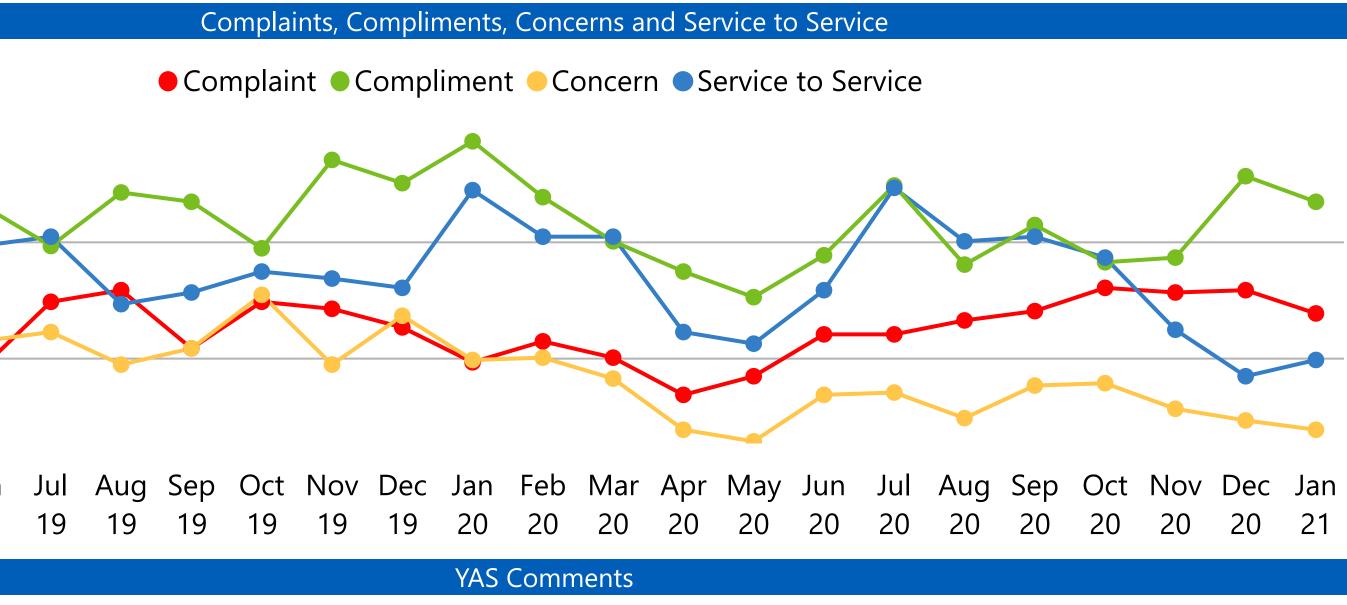
ns

complaints and concerns received overall has decreased slightly from previous months but this is made up of an frontline and IUC services and a decrease in EOC and PTS. The number of Service to Service cases overall are slightly up It there has been a decreasing trend over the last quarter. This is predominantly due to a reduction in the number of EOC Service to Service cases received (delayed ambulance responses).

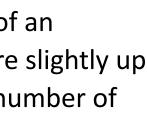
Compliance

FOI Compliance is currently well above the 90% target.



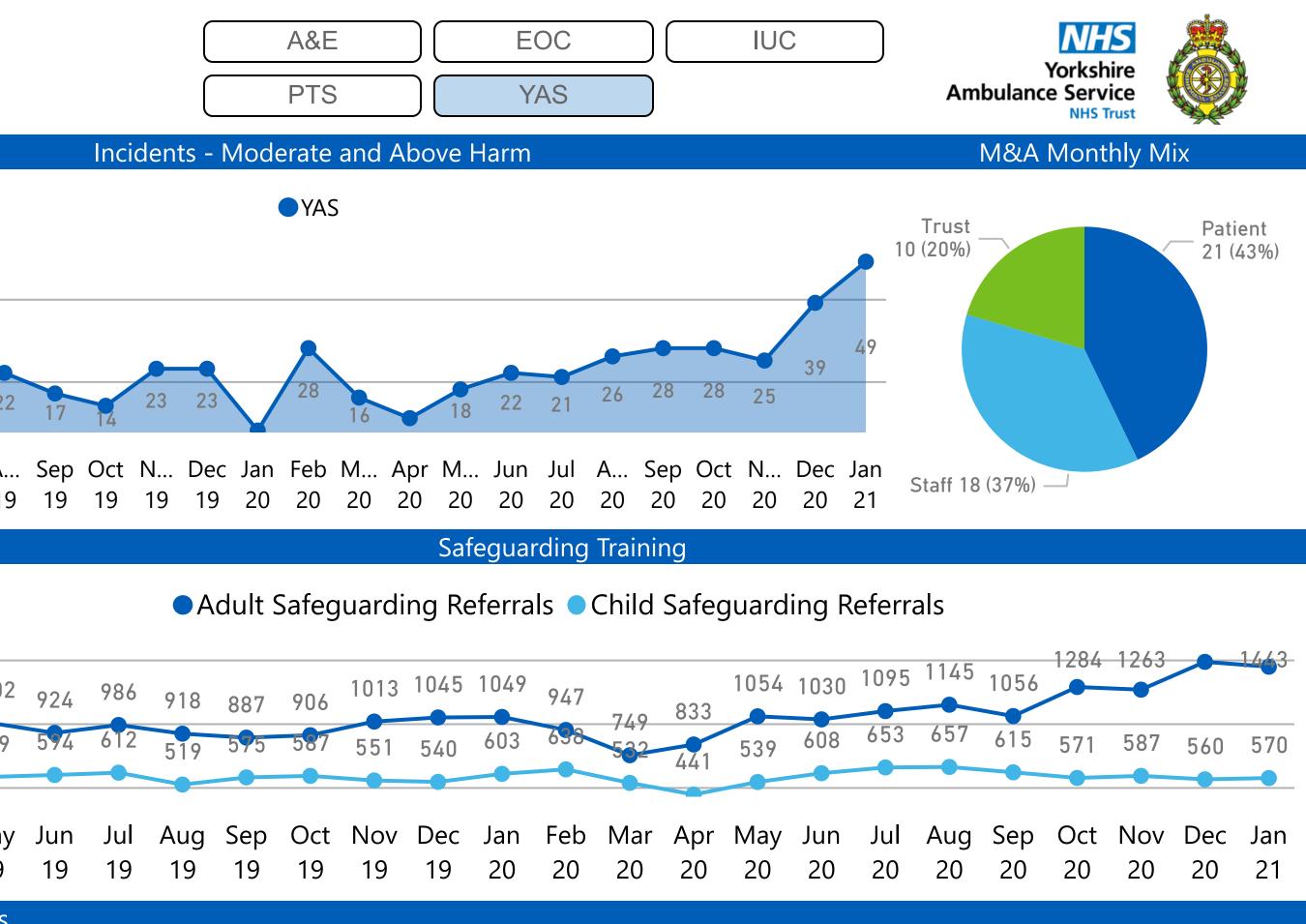






Patient Safety - Quality (Director Responsible - Steve Page) - Jan 21

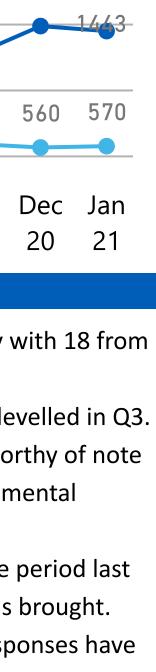
Jan 2	20 Dec	20 Jan 2	21	^	
80 ⁻	1 81	6 995	5		
60	59	63	40		
8	39) 49			
1	5	6	20	1 22	14 20 22
	3			A. M	. Jun Jul A
2	5	5		 19 تو1	
afegua	arding				
	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	^	
	1,049	1,481	1,443	150	
	603	560	570	100	863
1)	97.8%	96.9%	96.8%	FC	550 579
2)	93.0%	87.3%	86.3%		Apr May
	97.7%	96.3%	95.9%	\checkmark	19 19
onses				YA	S Comments
	Jan 20	Dec 20	Jan 21		vestigation and aff, 21 incidents
	238	405	354		ild and Adult S
	377	1,098	1,202	Q1	figures coincic
•					at a significant i
iance					alth related tra cial care assess
Indicator					ar, indicating th
	99.3%	99.8%	99.1%		ng Responses -
	98.4%	98.6%	95.4%	rer	mained high du
	98.7%	96.5%	97.3%		
	80 ⁻ 60 8 1 2 afegua 1) 2)	801 81 60 59 8 39 1 5 3 2 5 afeguarding Jan 20 1,049 603 1) 97.8% 603 1) 97.8% 93.0% 97.7% 2) 93.0% 97.7% 377 iance Jan 20 377	801 816 995 60 59 63 8 39 49 1 5 6 3 2 5 afeguarding Jan 20 Dec 20 Jan 20 Dec 20 1 603 560 1) 97.8% 96.9% 2) 93.0% 87.3% 97.7% 96.3% 97.3% 97.7% 96.3% 377 377 1,098 377 an 20 Dec 20 238 an 20 Dec 20 20 97.7% 96.3% 376 377 1,098 377 an 20 Dec 20 238 an 20 Dec 20 20 an 20 Dec 20 377 an 20 Dec 20 20 an 20 Dec 20 377 an 20 Dec 20 377 an 20 Dec 20 377 an 20 Dec 20 37 an 20 Dec 20 37	60 59 63 40 8 39 49 20 1 5 6 3 2 5 5 afeguarding Jan 20 Dec 20 Jan 21 1,049 1,481 1,443 603 560 570 97.8% 96.9% 96.8% 93.0% 87.3% 86.3% 97.7% 96.3% 95.9% 0nses Jan 20 Dec 20 Jan 21 jan 20 Dec 20	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



d Learning - Incidents reported has risen to 995 last month. Moderate & above harm increased to 49 in January with 18 from ts from Patients and 10 from the Trust.

Safeguarding - Referrals to children's social care dropped through early Q1, and rose sharply in Q2 the picture levelled in Q3. ided with the beginning of COVID-19, the first lock down and school closures, making children less visible. It's worthy of note number of worrying cases were evident in Q3 in particular non accidental injuries (NAI) in young children and mental rauma in the 13-18 year old group, this can also be linked to ongoing effects of the pandemic.

ssment referrals have continued to rise in Q3, showing an increase of 287 from 2020 Q1, and 402 from the same period last hat staff continue to recognise the increase in vulnerability and support need that isolation during COVID-19 has brought. - the quality team investigate long responses to understand the impact on the patient. Cat 1 and Cat 2 long responses have ue to the pressure on performance and the availability of resources.



Patient Clinical Effectiveness (Director Responsible Julian Mark) - Jan 21

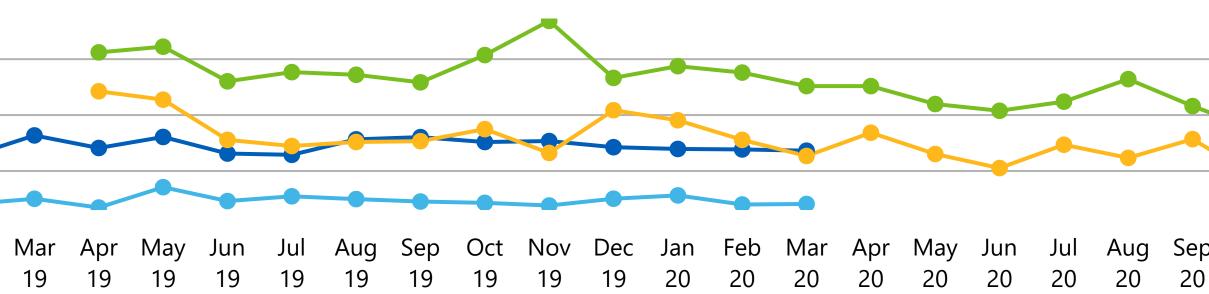
Care Bundles (Last 3 Results)					Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project (MINAP)							
Indicator	Jun 19 Jul 19	Aug 19 Sep 19	Oct 19 Nov 1	9 Dec 19	Jan 20	Feb 20	Mar 20	Indicator	May 20	Jun 20	Jul 20	Α
Sepsis %	60.9%	72.7%		76.8%			76.5%	Number of Stemi Patients	61	57	95	
STEMI %	40.0%		58.7%		44.0%			Call to Balloon Mins for Stemi Patients (Mean)	143	125	133	
Stroke %		95.9%	83.6%	0		94.6%		Call to Balloon Mins for Stemi Patients (90th Percentile)	206	163	180	
Sentinal Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP)				ROSC and Survival								

	regran		· • / • · /						
Indicator	Aug 20	Sep 20	Oct 20						OHC
Avg Time from call to hospital	77	88	87						
Total Patients	427	370	360	60%					
Re-contacts as Proportion of	Inciden	t Catego	ory	40%					
Indicator	Nov 20	Dec 20	Jan 21	20%	•	_			
Re-contacts - H&T (%)	7.0%	7.9%	7.4%	-	•				
Re-contacts - S&T (%)	5.4%	6.0%	5.9%		Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
Re-contacts - Conveyed (%)	6.7%	6.7%	7.2%		18	18	18	19	19

Sepsis Care Bundle – Data evidences increase in care bundle compliance from 61% in June 2019 to 79% in September 2020. Hospital pre- alert remains largely responsible for the majority of failures, however this element of the care bundle will likely be removed within the next 12 months. The ePR has updated to trigger sepsis warning flags when the observations are inputted and pre-alert will become a mandatory field in the next release of the ePR. An updated sepsis decision tool and 10/10/10 campaign which will be launched early February and aims to increase awareness of the care bundle and reduce on scene time for patients with Red Flag Sepsis. Full compliance is not possible due to the number of technicians working on the clinical side of the rota.

STEMI Care Bundle – Care bundle compliance currently varies between 40% and 49, significantly lower than national average. Analgesia administration has been identified as the main cause of this variability with GTN lowering patient pain score on scene, negating analgesia requirement. A review of the Acute Coronary Syndrome pathway is underway. Stroke Care Bundle – Consistently performing in the 90% range, compliance could be improved with better documentation of patient blood sugar. The revised 10/10/10 and FASTO campaign was launched in Q3 2019/20. Cardiac Arrest Outcomes – YAS perform well in both Survival to discharge and ROSC against the national average. The highest number of patients to survive for one month was 38 out of 270 during Nov 16. Analysis from Apr 16 to Mar 20 depicts normal variation with proportion of YAS patients who survive to discharge following OHCA, therefore no special causes need to be investigated at this point of analysis. Analysis for ROSC demonstrates special cause variation in April 2020; further investigation demonstrates worsened patient acuity during this month due to the first wave of the current pandemic as being the main contributor to lower proportion of patients with ROSC at hospital handover. MINAP – This data shows the mean and 90th percentile time from call to catheter insertion for angiography. Clinical evidence shows it is most effective to do this procedure within 120 minutes. SSNAP – shows the call to hospital arrival time for patients with a stroke. The Ambulance Response Programme is responsible for the call to scene time, and further work is ongoing to improve performance. The ACS and Stroke improvement work streams will support more effective and efficient decision making and lead to a reduction in on-scene time. Patient Pathways – referrals and re-contact – Following face to face assessment, ambulance clinicians have a number of options to consider: transport to hospital or manage the patient closer to home. The ePR provides data for patients who have been managed at home and referred to community and primary care providers. Re-contacts with 72 hours has traditionally been difficult to monitor but as the number of patients matched to NHS numbers increases, this valuable data is now more possible. There has been a small but steady increase in the number of patients being referred to alternative providers following the increase in non-conveyance pathways and with the exception of the peak of the pandemic, there has been no change in re-contact. The Safer Right Care, Right Place project aims to improve the safety of decision making and reduce avoidable conveyances.

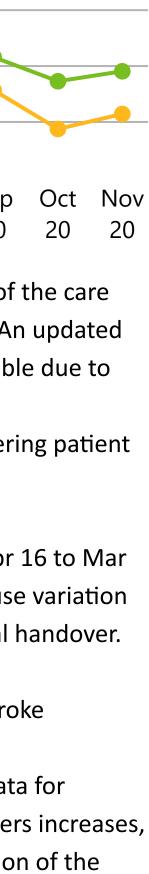
CAO ROSC % OHCAO Survival % ROSC UTSTEIN % Survival UTSTEIN - Discharged Alive %







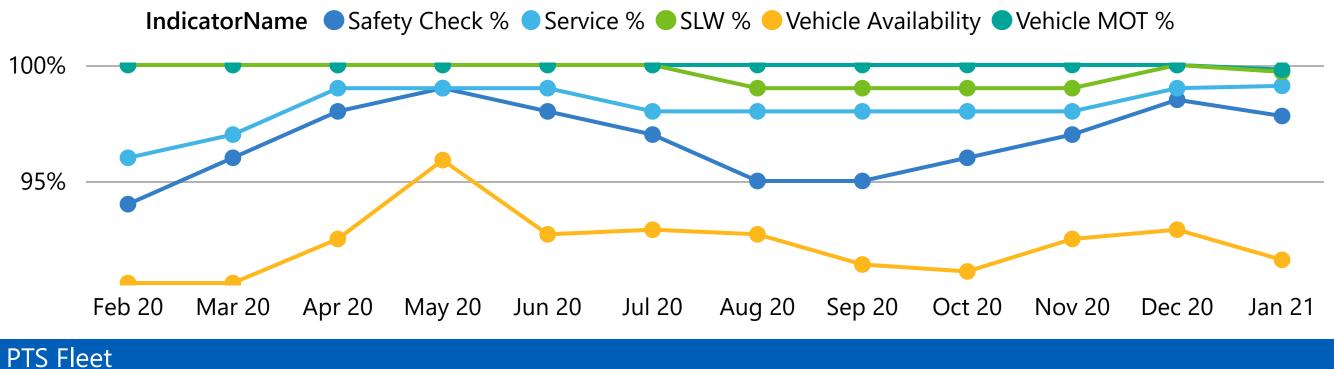


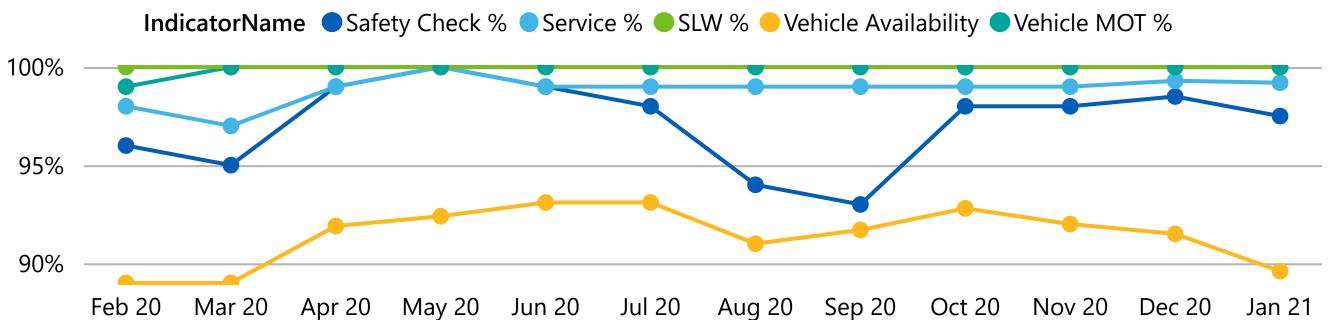


Fleet and Estates (Associate Director Responsible David Sanderson) - Jan 21

Estates			Estates Comme
ShortName	Dec 20	Jan 21	A total 327 react compared again
P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	70.0%	100.0%	requires an atter
P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	90.0%	85.7%	failure or drug s
P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	91.9%	100.0%	The attendance
P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	70.3%	72.6%	return.
Planned Maintenance Complete	100.0%	99.0%	
P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	70.3%	76.9%	Planned mainter
P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	59.5%	68.0%	statutory and m ranging from we 100%.

999 Fleet







entary

ctive work requests were received for January, this is an increase of 62 additional work requests nst the December figure of 265. Of the 327 requests 21% of these were classified as P1 and P2 which endance within 2 and 4 hours. Typically these classifications relate to leaks, no heating, garage door safe failure.

to these emergency classes were met 100% which is an increase in performance against the December

enance activity accounted for 477 tasks within month. Planned maintenance is the schedule for nandatory inspection and service regimes which fall through the year dependent on their frequency eekly fire alarm tests to annual boiler service. These followed the near consistent completion rate of

999 Fleet Age		PTS Age					
IndicatorName	Jan 20 Jan 21	IndicatorName	Jan 20 Jan				
Vehicle age +7	6.6% 8.3%	Vehicle age +7	10.7% 17.				
Vehicle age +10	0.4%	Vehicle age +10	36.5% 16.7				

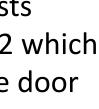
Fleet Commentary

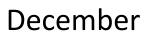
Vehicle Availability has slipped for both 999 (91.6%) and PTS (89.6%) this has been slightly affected by the EU Exit with some vehicle parts been held up coming through customs. Fleet have worked with Operational Colleagues to ensure rota lines are covered.

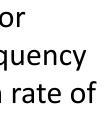
Routine Maintenance delivers high compliance rates with variances being vehicles that are not in service or awaiting disposal.

8.7% of the A&E vehicles are over the 7 years target with will be rectified with the planned vehicles replacements due delivery in Q4, there will be still 7 4x4 vehicles which will need replacing in FY21/22. PTS have a high number of vehicles overage this will be corrected with 124 new vehicles which are due delivery February through to May.

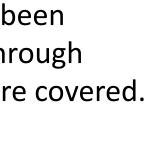


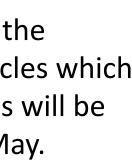












Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (A&E)

A&E			
mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
AMB26	999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	time	Across all C1 incide
AMB25	999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	time	Across all C1 incide
AMB32	999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	time	Across all C2 incide
AMB31	999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	time	Across all C2 incide
AMB35	999 - C3 90th (T -<2Hrs)	time	Across all C3 incide
AMB34	999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	time	Across all C3 incide
AMB38	999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	time	Across all C4 incide
AMB37	999 - C4 Mean	time	Across all C4 incide
AMB01	999 - Total Calls via Telephony (AQI)	int	Count of all calls a
AMB07	999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	int	Count of all incider
AMB59	999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins	int	Count of Cat 1 inci
AMB60	999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins	int	Count of Cat 2 inci
AMB56	999 - Face to Face Incidents (STR + STC)	int	Count of incidents
AMB17	999 - Hear and Treat (HT)	int	Count of incidents
AMB53	999 - Conveyance to ED	int	Count of incidents the department tra
AMB54	999 - Conveyance to Non ED	int	Count of incidents
AMB55	999 - See, Treat and Refer (STR)	int	Count of incidents
AMB05	999 - Answer 95th Percentile	time	The 95th percentile
AMB71	999 - Avg Hospital Turnaround	time	The average time t
AMB70	999 - Job Cycle Time	time	The average time t
AMB03	999 - Answer Mean	time	The average time t
AMB00	999 - Total Number of Calls	int	The count of all am

lents, the 90th percentile response time.

lents, the mean response time.

lents, the 90th percentile response time.

lents, the mean response time.

lents, the 90th percentile response time.

lents, the mean response time.

lents, the 90th percentile response time.

lents, the mean response time.

answered.

ents.

cidents with a response time greater than the 90th percentile target.

cidents with a response time greater than 2 x the 90th percentile target.

s dealt with face to face.

s not receiving a face-to-face response.

s with any patients transported to an Emergency Department (ED), including incidents ransported to is not specified.

s with any patients transported to any facility other than an Emergency Department.

s with face-to-face response, but no patients transported.

le time to answer each call.

taken from notifying at hospital arrival to the time the crew clear.

taken from the time call commenced to the time the crew clear.

to answer each call.

mbulance control room contacts.



	-
where	

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (IUC and PTS)

IUC and I	PTS		
mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
IUC01	IUC - Call Answered	int	Number of calls answered
IUC02	IUC - Calls abandoned	percent	Percentage of calls offered that were abandoned
IUC03	IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	percent	Percentage difference between actual number of calls answered and the contract ceiling level
IUC06	IUC - Core Clinical Advice	percent	Number of patients that received core clinical advice
IUC08	IUC - Direct Bookings	percent	Percentage of calls where the patient was recommended to contact a primary care service that had an appointment directly booked. This indicator includes system bookings made by external providers
IUC07	IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	percent	Percentage of patients that were offered a call back by a clinician that were called within 1 hour
IUC12	IUC - ED validations %	percent	Percentage of initial Emergency Department outcomes that were clinically validated
IUC13	IUC - Ambulance validations %	percent	Percentage of initial Category 3 or 4 ambulance outcomes that were clinically validated
IUC14	IUC - ED %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached an Emergency Department outcome
IUC15	IUC - Ambulance %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached an ambulance dispatch outcome
IUC16	IUC - Selfcare %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached an self care outcome
IUC17	IUC - Other Outcome %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached any other outcome
IUC18	IUC - Primary Care %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached a Primary Care outcome
IUC19	IUC - Other Referrals %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached a referral to any other service
PTS01	PTS - Demand (Journeys)	int	Count of delivered journeys, aborted journeys and escorts on journeys
PTS02	PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	percent	Patients picked up and dropped off within 120 minutes
PTS03	PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	percent	Patients dropped off at hospital before Appointment Time
PTS04	PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	percent	Pre Planned patients to be picked up within 90 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital
PTS05	PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	percent	Short Notice patients to be picked up within 120 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital
PTS06	PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	percent	The percentage of calls answered within 180 seconds via the telephony system



Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Quality and Safety)

Quality a	and Safety		
mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
QS01	All Incidents Reported	int	
QS02	Serious	int	
QS03	Moderate & Above Harm	int	
QS04	Medication Related	int	
QS05	Number of duty of candour contacts	int	
QS06	Duty of candour contacts exceptions	int	
QS07	Complaint	int	
QS08	Compliment	int	
QS09	Concern	int	
QS10	Service to Service	int	
QS11	Adult Safeguarding Referrals	int	
QS12	Child Safeguarding Referrals	int	
QS13	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L1)	percent	
QS14	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L2)	percent	
QS15	% Trained Safeguarding for Adults (L1)	percent	
QS17	% FOI Request Compliance	percent	
QS18	% Compliance with Hand Hygiene	percent	
QS19	% Compliance with Premise	percent	
QS20	% Compliance with Vehicle	percent	
QS26	Moderate and Above Harm (Per 1K Incidents)	int	
QS24	Staff survey improvement question	int	(TBC, yearly)
QS21	Number of RIDDORs Submitted	int	Reporting of Inj



njuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013



Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Workforce)

Workford	ce		
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
WF36	Headcount in Post	int	Headcount of
WF35	Special Leave	percent	Special Leave (
WF34	Fire Safety & Awareness - 1 Year	percent	Percentage of
WF33	Information Governance - 1 Year	percent	Percentage of
WF32	Conflict Resolution - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF31	Moving and Handling - Patients - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF30	Basic Life Support - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF29	Prevent WRAP - No Renewal	percent	Percentage of
WF28	Safeguarding Adults Level 2 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF27	Safeguarding Children Level 2 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF26	Equality, Diversity and Human Rights - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF25	Prevent Awareness - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF24	Safeguarding Adults Level 1 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF23	Safeguarding Children Level 1 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF22	Infection Control - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF21	Moving and Handling - Loads - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF20	Health Risk & Safety Awareness - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of
WF19	Vacancy Rate %	percent	Full Time Equiv
WF18	FTE in Post %	percent	Full Time Equiv
WF17	Apprentice %	percent	The percentag
WF16	Disabled %	percent	The percentag
WF15	Training - All Competancy %	percent	NOT USED
WF14	Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	percent	Percentage of Patients" and "

n

primary assignments (eg: Carers leave, compassionate leave) as a percentage of FTE days in the period. staff with an in date competency in Fire Safety & Awareness - 1 Year staff with an in date competency in Information Governance - 1 Year staff with an in date competency in Conflict Resolution - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Moving and Handling - Patients - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Basic Life Support - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Prevent WRAP - No Renewal staff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Adults Level 2 - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Children Level 2 - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Equality, Diversity and Human Rights - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Prevent Awareness - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Adults Level 1 - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Children Level 1 - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Infection Control - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Moving and Handling - Loads - 3 Years staff with an in date competency in Health Risk & Safety Awareness - 3 Years ivalent Staff required to fill the budgeted amount as a percentage ivalent Staff in post, calculated as a percentage of the budgeted amount ge of staff who are on an apprenticeship ge of staff who identify as being disabled

f staff with an in date competency for "Basic Life Support", "Moving and Handling "Conflict Resolution" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR



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Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Clinical)

Clinical			
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	De
CLN39	Re-contacts - Conveyed (%)	percent	Pro
CLN38	Re-Contacts within 72 Hours - Conveyed	int	Pat
CLN37	Re-contacts - S&T (%)	percent	Pro
CLN36	Re-Contacts within 72 Hours - S&T	int	Pat
CLN35	Re-contacts - H&T (%)	percent	Pro
CLN34	Re-Contacts within 72 Hours - H&T	int	Pat
CLN33	Survival UTSTEIN - Discharged Alive %	percent	Sur
CLN32	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients Discharged Alive	int	Sur
CLN31	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients	int	Sur
CLN30	ROSC UTSTEIN %	percent	RO
CLN29	ROSC UTSTEIN Patients - ROSC on arrival at Hospital	int	RO
CLN28	ROSC UTSTEIN Patients	int	RO
CLN27	ePR Referrals (%)	percent	Pro
CLN24	Re-contacts (%)	percent	Pro
CLN21	Call to Balloon Mins for Stemi Patients (90th Percentile)	int	MI
CLN20	Call to Balloon Mins for Stemi Patients (Mean)	int	MI
CLN18	Number of Stemi Patients	int	Nu
CLN17	Avg Time from call to hospital	int	SSI
CLN15	Stroke %	percent	Pro
			the
CLN13	Number of patients who received appropriate care bundle (Stroke)	int	Nu app
CLN12	Sepsis %	percent	Pro
			SCC

escription

roportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

atients who have re-contacted YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

oportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

atients who have re-contacted YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

oportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

atients who have re-contacted YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

urvival UTSTEIN - Proportion discharged alive.

urvival UTSTEIN - Of R4n, patients discharged from hospital alive.

urvival UTSTEIN - Patients with resuscitation commenced / continued by Ambulance Se

OSC UTSTEIN - Proportion who had ROSC on arrival at hospital.

OSC UTSTEIN - Of R2n, patients who had ROSC on arrival at hospital.

OSC UTSTEIN - Patients with resuscitation commenced / continued by Ambulance Serv

oportion of ePR referrals made by YAS crews at scene.

oportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

IINAP - For M3n, 90th centile time from call to catheter insertion for angiography.

IINAP - For M3n, mean average time from call to catheter insertion for angiography.

umber of patients in the MINAP dataset an initial diagnosis of myocardial infarction.

SNAP - Avg Time from call to hospital.

oportion of adult patients with a pre-hospital impression of suspected stroke who reco e appropriate best practice care bundle.

umber of adult patients with a pre-hospital impression of suspected stroke who receiv opropriate best practice care bundle.

roportion of adult patients with a pre- hospital impression of suspected sepsis with a N core of 7 and above who received the appropriate best practice care bundle



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Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Fleet and Estates)

Fleet and	Estates		
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	Des
FLE07	Service %	percent	Ser
FLE06	Safety Check %	percent	Safe
FLE05	SLW %	percent	Ser con
FLE04	Vehicle MOT %	percent	MO
FLE03	Vehicle Availability	percent	Ava
FLE02	Vehicle age +10	percent	Veh
FLE01	Vehicle age +7	percent	Veh
EST14	P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	percent	P6
EST13	P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	percent	P6
EST12	P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P2
EST11	P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	percent	P2
EST10	Planned Maintenance Complete	percent	Plar
EST09	All calls (Completion) - average	percent	Ave
EST08	P4 Non Emergency – Complete (<14 Days)	percent	P4
EST07	P3 Non Emergency – Complete (<72rs)	percent	P3
EST06	P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P1
EST05	Planned Maintenance Attendance	percent	Ave
EST04	All calls (Attendance) - average	percent	All
EST03	P4 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P4
EST02	P3 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P3
EST01	P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	percent	P1



escription

rvice level compliance
fety check compliance
rvice LOLER (Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations) and weight test mpliance
OT compliance
ailability of fleet across the trust
hicles across the fleet of 10 years or more
hicles across the fleet of 7 years or more
Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks
Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks
Emergency – Complete within 24 hrs compliance
Emergency – attend within 4 hrs compliance
anned maintenance completion compliance
erage completion compliance across all calls
Non Emergency completed within 14 working days compliance
Non Emergency completed within 72 hours compliance
Emergency completed within 24 hours compliance
erage attendance compliance across all calls
calls (Attendance) - average
Non Emergency attended within 2 working days compliance
Non Emergency attended within 24 hours compliance

Emergency attended within 2 hours compliance