



Integrated Performance Report

Mar 2021

Published 15th Apr



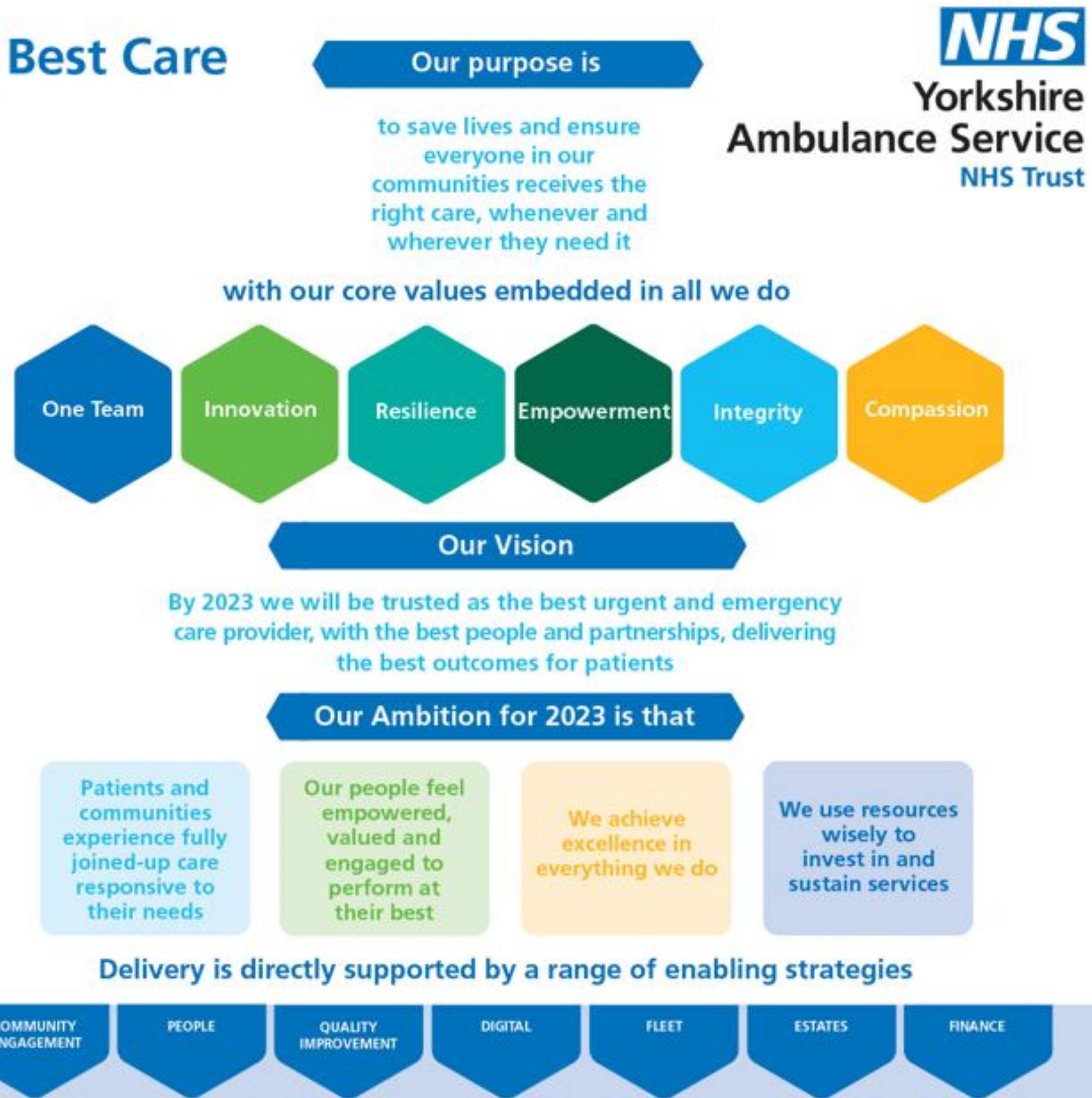
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One Team, Best Care



Patients and communities experience fully joined-up care responsive to their needs

Our people feel empowered, valued and engaged to perform at their best

Our Ambitions for 2023

We achieve excellence in everything we do

We use resources wisely to invest in and sustain services

Our Key Priorities

- 1 Deliver the best possible response for each patient, first time.
- 2 Attract, develop and retain a highly skilled, engaged and diverse workforce.
- 3 Equip our people with the best tools, technology and environment to support excellent outcomes.
- 4 Embed an ethos of continuous improvement and innovation, that has the voice of patients, communities and our people at its heart.
- 5 Be a respected and influential system partner, nationally, regionally and at place.
- 6 Create a safe and high performing organisation based on openness, ownership and accountability.
- 7 Generate resources to support patient care and the delivery of our long-term plans, by being as efficient as we can be and maximising opportunities for new funding.
- 8 Develop public and community engagement to promote YAS as a community partner; supporting education, employment and community safety.

Yorkshire Wide

Further developments continue responding to the NHS White Paper: Integration and Innovation Working Together to Improve Health – YAS remains engaged to ensure ongoing recognition as a key partner within the new governance and delivery structures.

- ICP development paper released focusing on the primacy of place. YAS is further invited to discuss these changes and the impacts at a place level.
- System focus on Testing capacity and vaccine deployment.
- Full national planning guidance released; YAS response being developed for approval by TEG.
- Formal YAS response to the Provider Selection Regime consultation submitted following approval by TEG.
- Formal consultation on System Oversight Framework released, in relation to the NHS White Paper on the development of ICSs; YAS response in development
- Ongoing YAS engagement with system level planning to support response to COVID and operational planning. YAS engagement in wider planned care forums to ensure YAS service offers remain appropriate and effective.

Humber Coast and Vale ICS

- Focus on expanding ICS Local CAS Direct. Targeted communications based on 111 and local CAS data to specifically focus on people that continue to walk into the ED
- UEC planned workshop 19th May 11-2pm “save the date” agenda being developed but focus will be the ‘art of the possible’ – what can we do before winter 21.
- HCV UECN completed baseline assessment of services that meet the criteria outlined in the national guidance.
- CHCP conversations ongoing to develop further access to 0-2 hour response services.

West Yorkshire ICS























ICS is further developing its operating model, retaining primacy of place, with ICP development proposals.

- A Future Design and Transition Group is now established to enable key engagement from across key providers and sectors, to support the development and introduction of any future ICS operating model.
- A Trust Chairs and Council Leaders group, led by Rob Webster, being established to ensure greater collaboration across system and place, taking place at the end of each month, to ensure a transparent and inclusive environment.
- Ongoing focus on addressing health inequalities – developing co-ordinated YAS response for the ICS regarding addressing health inequalities.
- Provider Selection regime paper, summary provided to SLT. Response provided to NHSE and shared with AAC to be included in formal response.

South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw ICS

Work in progress to collate the YAS response to the ICS’ 2021/22 UEC priorities.

- seeking to strengthen and further define how the ICS will collaborate with YAS and looking to ensure robust links into the outlined workstreams around hospital diverts and handovers
- **Place Based Updates:** Key focus at place remains as 21/22 plans and maintaining momentum around partnership working.

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
999 - Answer Mean		00:00:05		
999 - Answer 95th Percentile		00:00:38		
999 - Answer 99th Percentile		00:01:40		
999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	00:07:00	00:07:20		
999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	00:15:00	00:12:34		
999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	00:18:00	00:21:19		
999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	00:40:00	00:44:26		
999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	01:00:00	00:58:54		
999 - C3 90th (T - <2Hrs)	02:00:00	02:24:57		
999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	03:00:00	04:09:13		
999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins		271		
999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins		665		
999 - Job Cycle Time		01:37:36		
999 - Avg Hospital Turnaround	00:30:00	00:37:59		

Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Nick Smith)

Call Answer

The Call Answer Mean increased slightly in March 2021 to 5 seconds. The main reason for the increase is due to 3 specific days where call answer times were high which are 16 March (14 Seconds), 30th March (32 seconds) and 31st March (23 seconds). These dates are when call demand was higher than forecast by 15.3%, 35.5% and 35.4% respectively. The differing extremities within the call answer times can be seen within the 95th and 99th percentiles.

Cat 1-4 Performance

All response performance remained similar to the times experienced in the previous month with two categories meeting national target (C1 90th and C3 Mean). High job cycle times continue to impact on resource availability which influence response performance and as these have also remained at similar levels to the previous months it has enabled a similar level of response times to those experienced in February 2021. Resource availability has reduced across the month by just under 5 percentage points as more time was spent on responding to demand. Only North Yorkshire was over the required resource hours with South, CKW, ABL and HER being under the required resource hours by 13.8%, 9.2%, 5.5% and 0.5% respectively.

Responses Tail (C1 and C2)













Aligned with the increases in demand levels seen in March 2021, the number of C1 & C2 incidents with responses times greater than 15 & 80 minutes respectively have also increased. However, as March has 31 days this is to be expected and the average per day is only marginally higher than those experienced in February 2021. However, the number of C2 incidents greater than 80 minutes show exceptionally high results for the last two weeks of March 2021.

Job cycle time

Average Job Cycle time remains higher than last year and has seen increases since the initial COVID-19 lockdown in 2020 ended. Throughout March 2021 there continued to be exceptionally high results due to growths in the time spent on scene time and increased hospital times. However, there appears to be a very gradual downward trend since the start of 2021.

Hospital

Average hospital turnaround times in March 2021 were similar to the previous month and only marginally higher than March 2020. There have been slight reductions in the average patient handover time and increases in the crew clear element of the process ensuring the average turnaround times still remain at a similar level. Average Crew Clear has increased since COVID-19 as more processes are undertaken post patient handover such as further cleaning of resources and making resources and crews ready for their next incident. Conveyance to ED has increased by 2% in March 2021 and has been on an upward trend since the start of the year.











Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
IUC - Answered in 60 Secs	90.0%	68.8%		
IUC - Core Clinical Advice	30.0%	28.4%		
IUC - Direct Bookings	30.0%	40.7%		
IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	60.0%	47.7%		
IUC - ED validations %	50.0%	50.7%		
IUC - Ambulance validations %	95.0%	95.6%		

IUC Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)

IUC demand in March rose 15% on demand in February, returning to a similar level to that of previous months. Calls answered were 10.1% below the contract ceiling (and 5.1% above the contract floor). Demand for the 2020-21 year was 0.3% below the contract ceiling with 1,701,699 patient calls answered.

Issues relating to the roll out of the new Unified Comms telephone system hit several of the performance metrics for the month. In particular, calls answered performance was 68.8% against a 90% target, whilst abandoned calls were 7.3%, the first time the 5% target was breached since September, and only the third month of the 2020-21 year to miss the target. Call answer performance for the full year was below target at 84.1%, whilst abandoned calls did hit the target for the year with performance at 3.1%.

The proportion of Clinician Call Backs made within 1 hour was 47.7%, below the 60% target and down from 53.0% in February. Clinical advice remained below target at 28.4%, the lowest performance since April 2020. Both ambulance and ED validations were above target. Ambulance validations saw it's worst performance since April 2020, however the target was still hit with performance at 95.6%. Meanwhile, ED validation performance hit the 50% target for the first time since November.







Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	90.0%	99.5%		
PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	90.0%	88.1%		
PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	90.4%	90.7%		
PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	90.8%	82.9%		
PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	90.0%	86.6%		

PTS Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)

The contractual KPI's remain suspended in line with NHS England Guidance. Focus continues on the 120 Min Discharge KPI and patient care March total demand saw an 18% increase compared to February, and was 4.8% higher than levels seen in March 2020, at the start of the pandemic. PTS are now delivering around 80% of journeys seen pre Covid.

Covid demand continued the downward trend throughout March, and by the end of the month was at the same levels as September, before the start of the second wave. Covid journeys are now -81% lower than the second peak of the pandemic. Short Notice Patients picked up within 120 Mins % has been on a downward trend for the fourth month running, but remains higher than performance seen before Covid.

Performance saw a 6% increase in calls being answered in 180 seconds and is still below target due to the additional call time related to Covid. The increase is unrelated to the introduction of the new telephony system.

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
All Incidents Reported		827		
Serious		9		
Moderate and Above Harm		19		
Complaint		106		
Adult Safeguarding Referrals		1,454		
Child Safeguarding Referrals		723		

Quality and Safety Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Steve Page)

Incidents reported have increased to 827 last month back in line with normal variation although still higher than last Mar (687). Moderate & above harm incidents have reduced to 19.

Patient Safety - Complaints are at the highest seen in the last 12 months, sitting outside the normal expected variation. There has been a significant increase in the number of complaints, concerns, and concerns raised by other NHS organisations across all service areas. The highest category of complaint across all services is "Clinical/Patient Care". Further analysis is ongoing to identify specific trends within this subject area.

Safeguarding Referrals - Adult referrals have increased slightly from the previous month and remain outside the expected variation and Child referrals are significantly up exceeding the upper control limit for the first time since the beginning of the data set in October 2019.













Workforce Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Suzanne Hartshorne)

Sickness - Sickness has increased slightly and remains high compared to the 5% target. Main impact is seen in our call centres as well as front line services. Although Covid related sickness has reduced in the past 3 months, the sickness related to Non-Covid is increasing. Short term is seeing a decrease while long term is increasing.

Special Leave - Special Leave remained stable. The Trust saw high numbers during the last year up to 5.8% in November 2020 due to the number of people isolating/shielding. Shielding staff are returning to work on 1st April so this figure will reduce in the next IPR.

PDR - rates increased to 72.9%. Support Services (Other) PDR rates are significantly lower than the target currently at 45.6% compared to 58% the same period last year. Much of the decline can be attributed to demand, however issues with recording had also been identified. Since further targeted communication began we have seen completion rates slowly increasing.

Statutory and Mandatory Training - Good progress has been made against the 3 year core training. Compliance for the 1 year face-to-face training is still far below target due to the approved break in delivery during the peak of the pandemic. The phased approach approved at TMG in January 2021 to improve compliance for the 1 year face-to-face training has commenced. HRBPs are reaching out to managers to share detailed data, discuss areas of concern and provide additional support.

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
Turnover (FTE) %		8.3%		
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	5.0%	7.5%		
Special Leave		3.8%		
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	90.0%	72.9%		
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	90.0%	86.1%		
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	90.0%	96.6%		
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	90.0%	66.6%		

Workforce Summary - Mar 21



Name	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
FTE in Post %		99.2%	99.2%
Turnover (FTE) %	9.2%	8.4%	8.3%
Vacancy Rate %		0.8%	0.8%
Apprentice %	5.8%	4.8%	6.2%
BME %	5.3%	6.0%	6.0%
Disabled %	2.9%	3.1%	3.2%
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	8.4%	7.3%	7.5%
Special Leave	3.0%	3.8%	3.8%
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	71.6%	70.5%	72.9%
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	72.6%	83.7%	86.1%
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	97.1%	96.5%	96.6%
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	83.5%	67.1%	66.6%
Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	91.4%	86.5%	86.0%

YAS Commentary

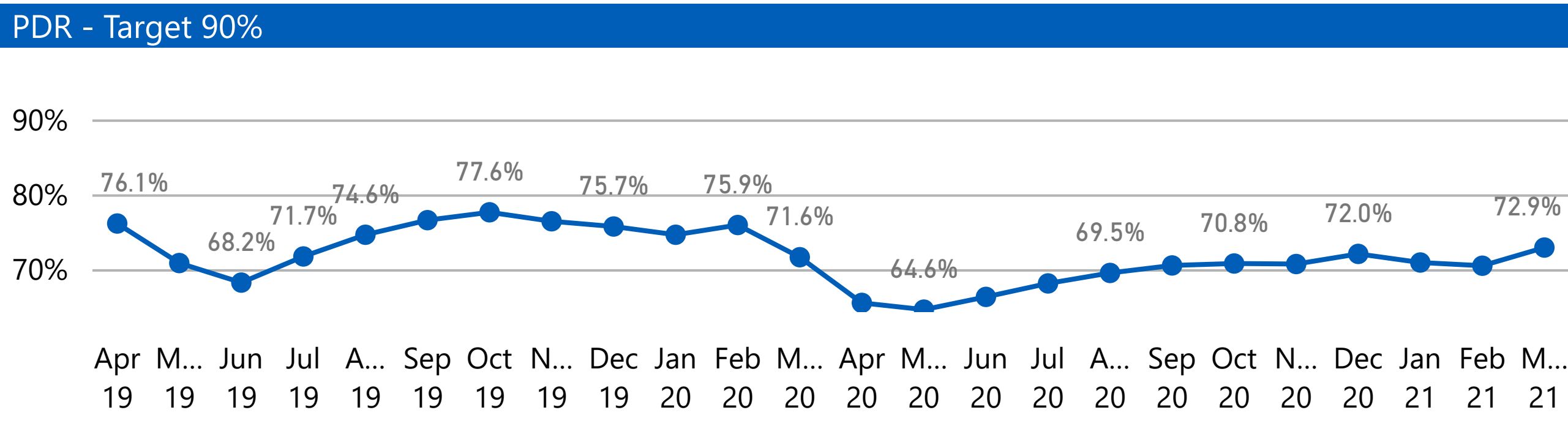
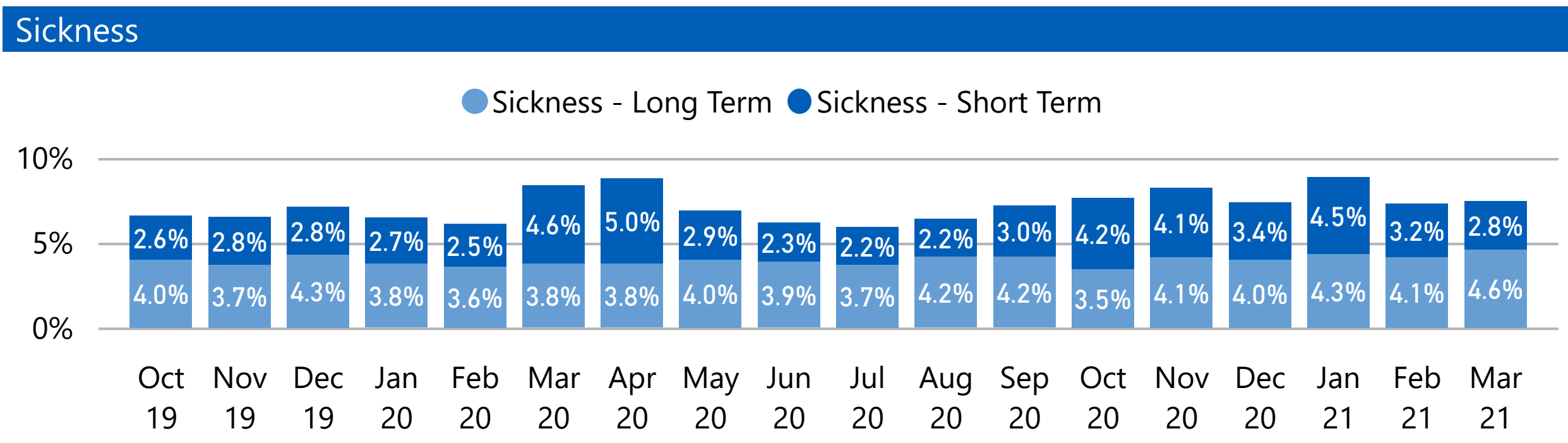
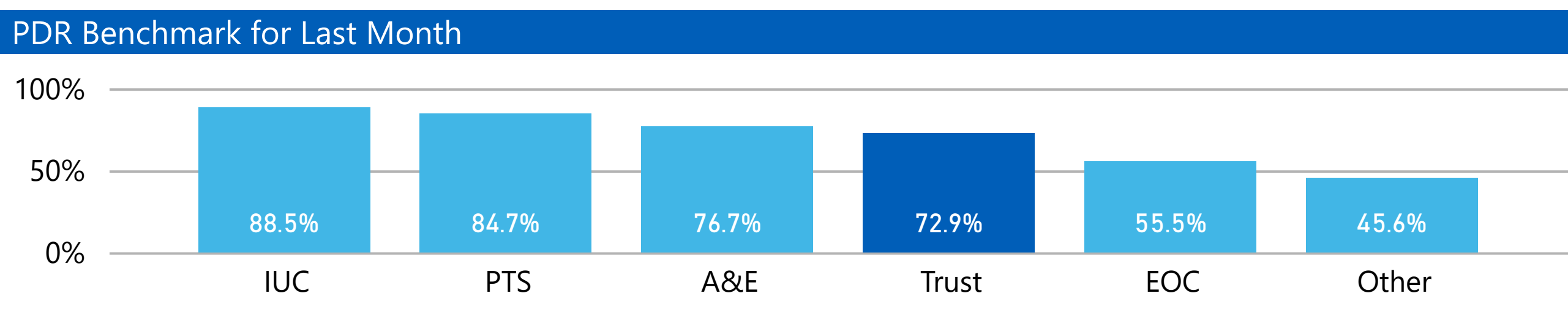
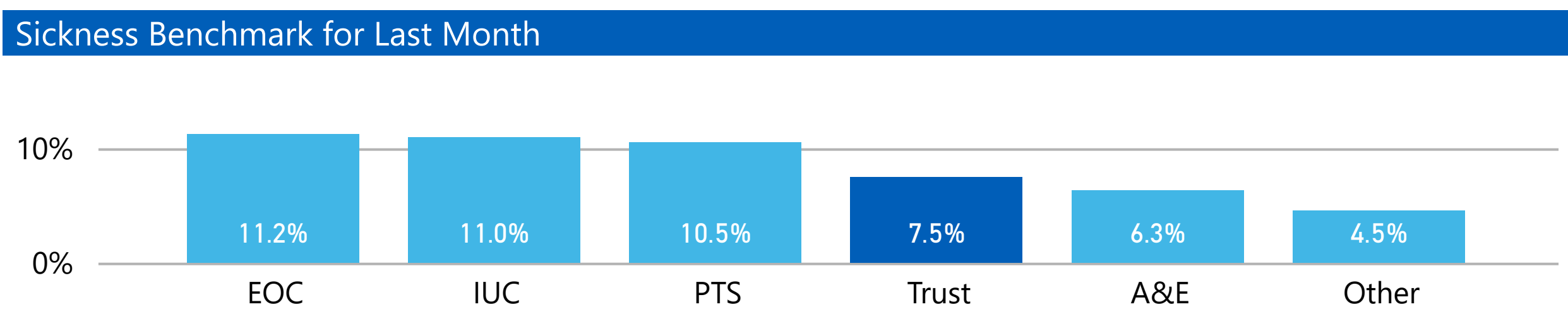
FTE, Turnover, Vacancies and BME - The vacancy rate shown is based on the budget position against current FTE establishment with vacancies at 0.8%. however due to how the Trust collects this information, the rate is likely to be higher as some vacancies are being covered by overtime.

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YAS Finance Summary (Director Responsible Kathryn Vause)- Feb 21

,2020/21 figures will be available once audited and finalised)

Overview

Risk Rating - Under the "Single Oversight Framework" the overall Trust's rating for the year to date remains at 1 (1 being lowest risk, 4 being highest risk). As advised by NHSE/I organisations remain within previously assessed rating and will only move segments under exceptional circumstances during 20/21. If the risk rating was reassessed the Trust rating would be at 2 as a result of having a planned deficit for the second half of the year.

Trust Surplus/(Deficit) - The Trust has a year to date accounting surplus at the end of February (Month 11) of £0.8m against the plan of (£1m). The Trust was in a breakeven position for month 1 to 6 due to the Covid-19 Business Rules for that period. The planned deficit for the remainder of the year is (£1.754m). This is due to receipt of £1m centrally funded income for part of the Covid financial regime.

Capital - YTD expenditure is currently running behind plan due to the issues experienced during the Covid pandemic. Mitigating actions have been agreed and are progressing, the Trust continues to forecast achieving the full level of planned spend.

Cash - At the end of February the Trust had £98m cash at bank, higher than plan and the average monthly balance in 2019/20. The increase in cash balances reflects the revised financial regime with the monthly income block payments now made in advance in addition to the reduced level capital expenditure year to date.

CIP - Due to the temporary finance regime only those schemes that can be achieved without detriment to the Trust's response to Covid remain, other schemes suspended.

Month and YTD Position (£000s)

Name	Month Plan	Month Actual	Month Plan v Actual	YTD Plan	YTD Actual	YTD Plan v Actual
Surplus/ (Deficit)	-£72	£1,752	£1,824	-£1,038	£786	£1,824
Cash	£85,911	£98,352	£12,441	£85,911	£98,352	£12,441
Capital	£692	£1,279	£587	£7,906	£6,854	-£1,052

Monthly View (£000s)

Indicator Name	2020-04	2020-05	2020-06	2020-07	2020-08	2020-09	2020-10	2020-11	2020-12	2021-01	2021-02
Surplus/ (Deficit)							-£219	-£243	-£416	-£88	£1,752
Cash	£76,062	£81,510	£76,988	£79,694	£82,331	£83,579	£86,976	£89,615	£90,086	£92,149	£98,352
Capital	£0	£874	£562	£68	£189	£332	£501	£511	£588	£1,951	£1,279

Patient Demand Summary

Demand Summary Commentary

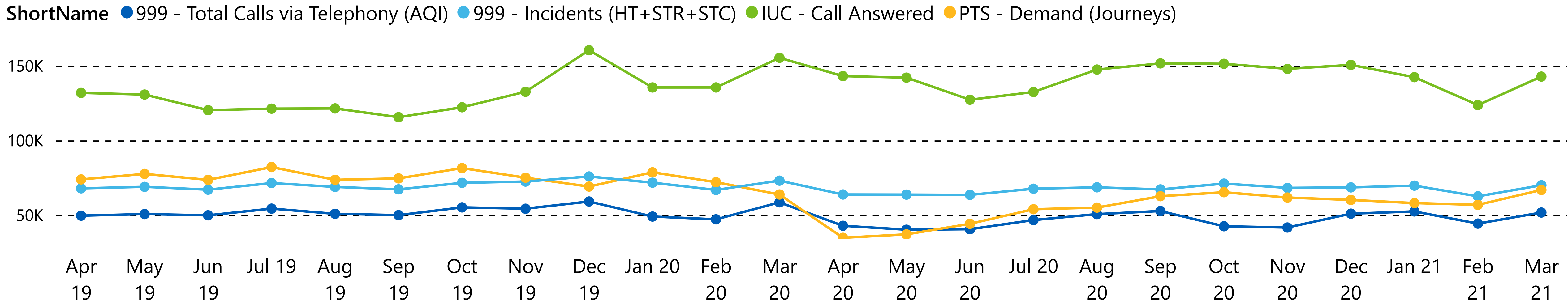
ShortName	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	73,038	62,524	69,951
999 - Increase - Previous Month	9.3%	-10.3%	11.9%
999 - Increase - Same Month Last Year	5.8%	-6.4%	-4.2%
IUC - Call Answered	155,346	123,669	142,753
IUC - Increase - Previous Month	14.7%	-13.1%	15.4%
IUC - Increase Same Month Last Year		-8.7%	-8.1%
IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	14.1%	-13.7%	-10.1%
PTS - Demand (Journeys)	63,751	56,819	66,815
PTS - Increase - Previous Month	-11.5%	-2.1%	17.6%
PTS - Same Month Last Year		-21.1%	4.8%

999 - At Scene Response demand is 7.9% lower than forecasted levels whereas all Response Demand (STR + STC +HT) is 4.2% lower than March 2020.

IUC - IUC demand in March rose 15% on demand in February, returning to a similar level to that of previous months. Calls answered were 10.1% below the contract ceiling (and 5.1% above the contract floor). Demand for the 2020-21 year was 0.3% below the contract ceiling with 1,701,699 patient calls answered.

PTS - March total demand saw an 18% increase compared to February, and was 4.8% higher than levels seen in March 2020, at the start of the pandemic. PTS are now delivering around 80% of journeys seen pre Covid.

Overall Calls and Demand

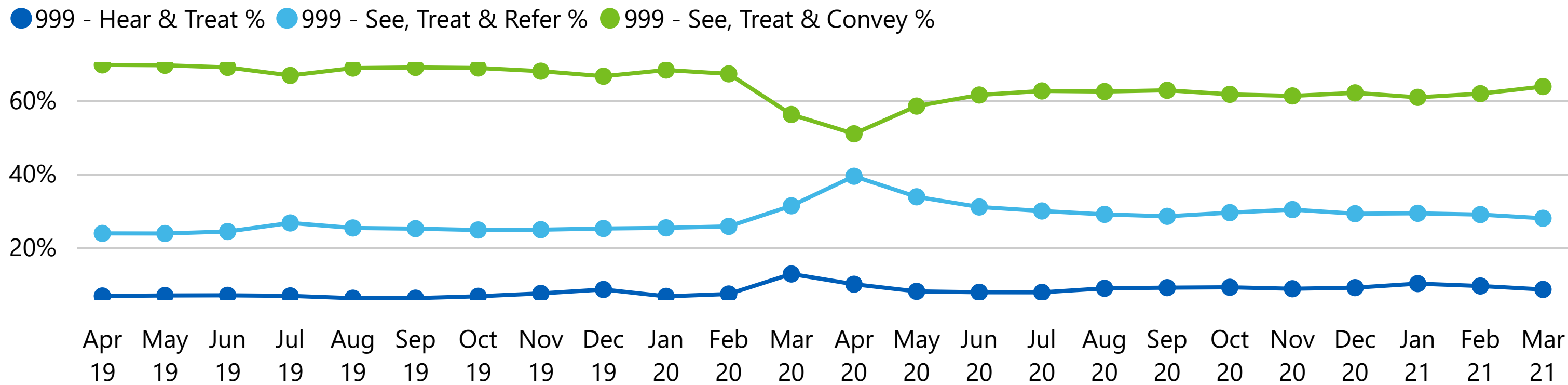


Patient Outcomes Summary

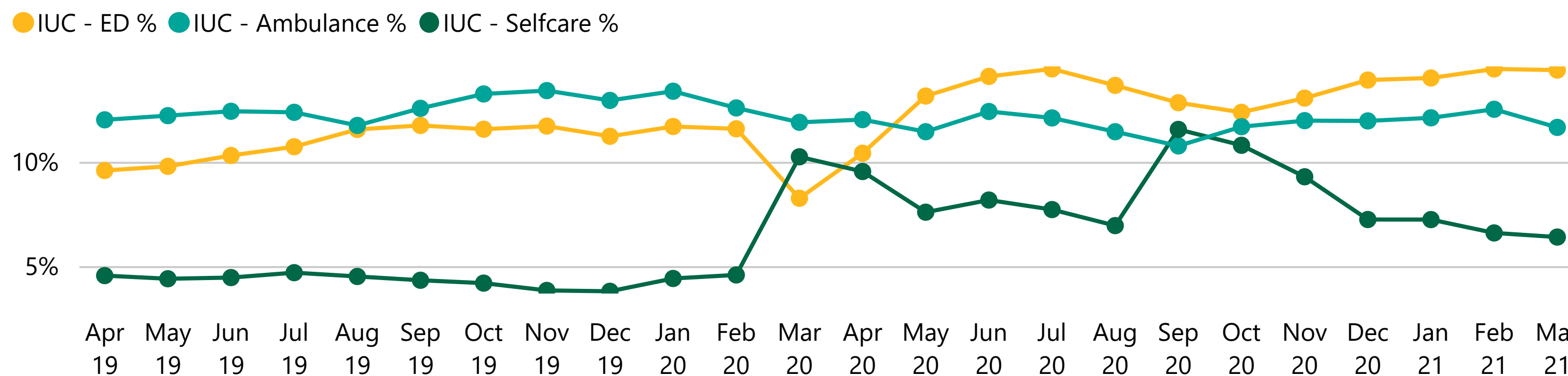
Outcomes Summary

ShortName	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	73,038	62,524	69,951
999 - Hear & Treat %	12.7%	9.4%	8.4%
999 - See, Treat & Refer %	31.2%	28.8%	27.8%
999 - See, Treat & Convey %	56.1%	61.8%	63.7%
999 - Conveyance to ED %	48.4%	53.4%	55.5%
999 - Conveyance to Non ED %	7.8%	8.4%	8.2%
IUC - Calls Triaged	147,493	118,088	135,180
IUC - ED %	8.3%	14.4%	14.4%
IUC - Ambulance %	11.9%	12.5%	11.6%
IUC - Selfcare %	10.2%	6.6%	6.4%
IUC - Other Outcome %	14.1%	12.3%	12.1%
IUC - Primary Care %	45.5%	51.1%	52.4%
IUC - Other Referrals %	10.0%	3.1%	3.1%
PTS - Demand (Journeys)	63,751	56,819	66,815

999 Outcomes



IUC Outcomes



Commentary

999 - When comparing March 2021 against March 2020 in terms of incident outcomes within 999, the level of See, Treat & Refer has reduced by 3.4 percentage points and Hear & Treat has reduced by 4.3 percentage points. The reductions have subsequently meant increases of 7.6 percentage points in See, Treat & Convey and also more incidents being transported to ED (+7.1 percentage points) which is a key national target. These changes are due to different profiles from last year which were heavily influenced by the COVID-19 national lockdown period.

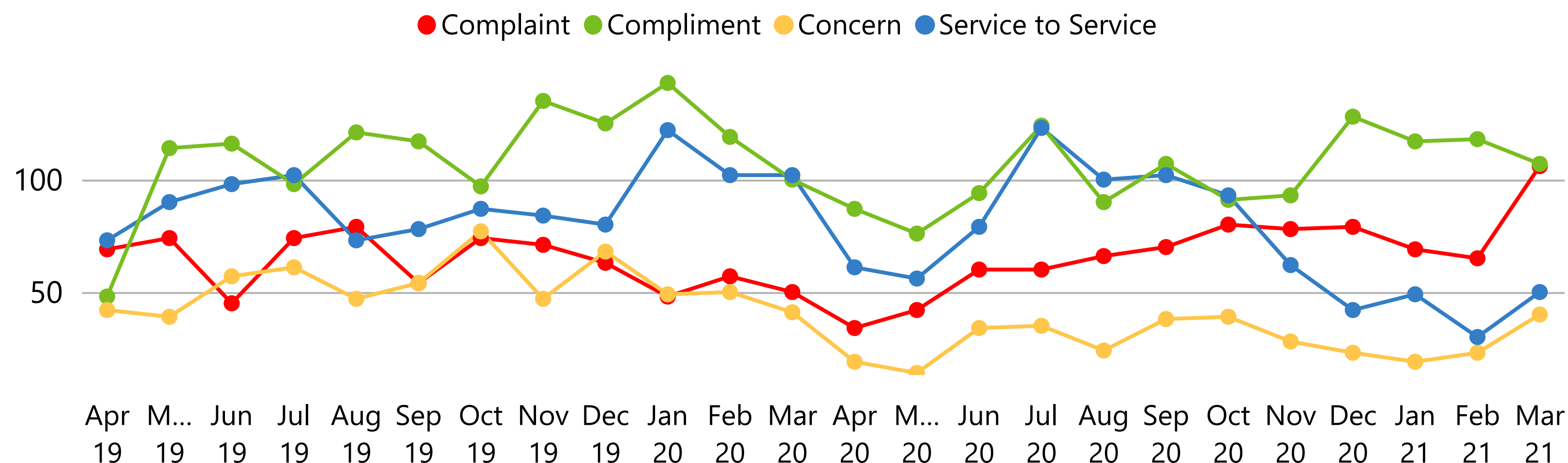
IUC - Outcomes for IUC have been impacted by changing types of calls due to Covid and 111 First. Referrals to ED continue to be higher than previously (12.6% in October, rising to 14.4% in March). This is potentially related to a more acute patient mix from the 111 First campaign and receiving more calls from patients who would have walked into A&E and the reduction in general winter illness calls. In addition there has been a reduction in self-care outcomes, in contrast to at other points during the Covid pandemic - this might indicate a shift in Covid-related calls towards higher acuity patients who require an ED attendance rather than self-management.

Patient Experience (Director Responsible - Steve Page)

Patient Relations

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
Service to Service	102	30	50
Concern	41	23	40
Compliment	100	118	107
Complaint	50	65	106

Complaints, Compliments, Concerns and Service to Service



YAS Compliance

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
% FOI Request Compliance	57.1%	100.0%	100.0%

YAS Comments

Patient Safety

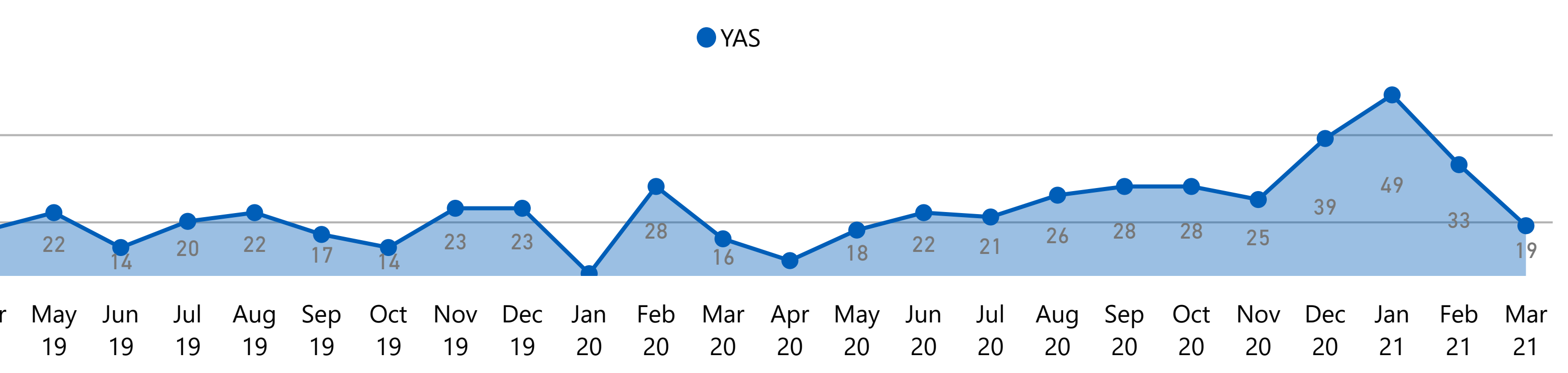
Numbers of complaints are at the highest seen in the last 12 months, sitting outside the normal expected variation. There has been a significant increase in the number of complaints, concerns, and concerns raised by other NHS organisations across all service areas. The highest category of complaint across all services is "Clinical/Patient Care". Further analysis is ongoing to identify specific trends within this subject area.

FOI Compliance has remained at 100%

Incidents

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
All Incidents Reported	687	812	827
Medication Related	50		42
Moderate & Above Harm - Total	16	33	19
Number of duty of candour contacts	4	4	9
Number of RIDDORs Submitted	1	1	6
Serious	4	5	9

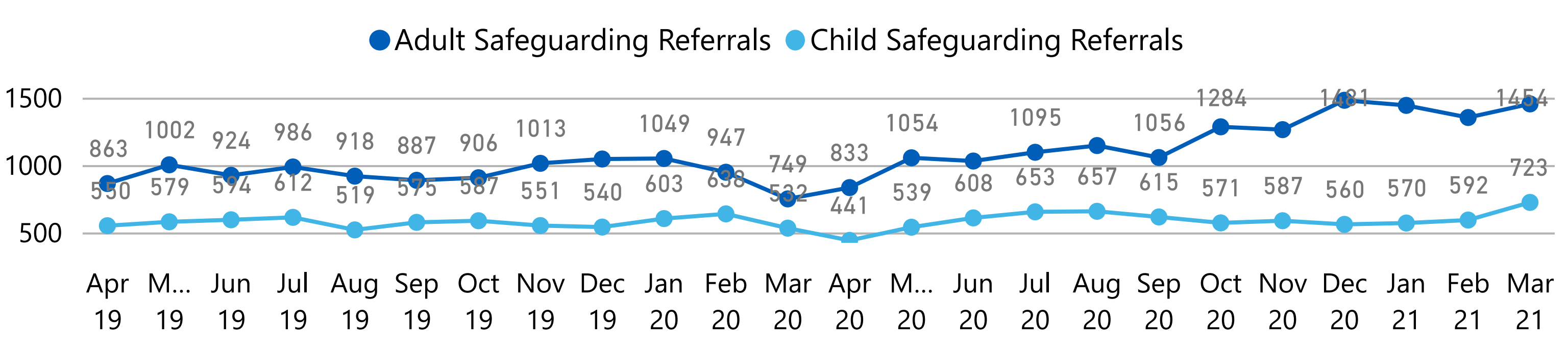
Incidents - Moderate and Above Harm



YAS Child and Adult Safeguarding

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
Adult Safeguarding Referrals	749	1,353	1,454
Child Safeguarding Referrals	532	592	723
% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L1)	97.9%	96.7%	96.8%
% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L2)	91.9%	85.8%	84.7%
% Trained Safeguarding for Adults (L1)	97.8%	95.9%	95.8%

Safeguarding Training



A&E Long Responses

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins	413	165	271
999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins	1,156	602	665

YAS Comments

Incidents: Incidents reported have increased to 827 last month back in line with normal variation although still higher than last Mar (687). Moderate & above harm incidents have reduced to 19.

Safeguarding Referrals: Adult referrals have increased slightly from the previous month and remain outside the expected variation and Child referrals are significantly up exceeding the upper control limit for the first time since the beginning of the data set in October 2019.

YAS IPC Compliance

Indicator	Mar 20	Feb 21	Mar 21
% Compliance with Hand Hygiene	98.9%	98.9%	99.0%
% Compliance with Premise	98.7%	98.7%	98.3%
% Compliance with Vehicle	98.4%	98.8%	99.1%

Long Responses - the quality team investigate long responses to understand the impact on the patient. Cat 1 and Cat 2 long responses have been high due to the pressure on performance and the availability of resources although reduced significantly last month.

Patient Clinical Effectiveness (Director Responsible Julian Mark)

Care Bundles (Last 3 Results)

Indicator	Jun 19	Jul 19	Aug 19	Sep 19	Oct 19	Nov 19	Dec 19	Jan 20	Feb 20	Mar 20
Sepsis %	60.9%			72.7%			76.8%			76.5%
STEMI %		40.0%			58.7%			44.0%		
Stroke %			95.9%			83.6%			94.6%	

Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project (MINAP)

Indicator	Aug 20	Sep 20	Oct 20	Nov 20
Number of STEMI Patients	84	80	98	95
Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (Mean)	125	122	142	150
Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (90th Percentile)	194	171	177	214

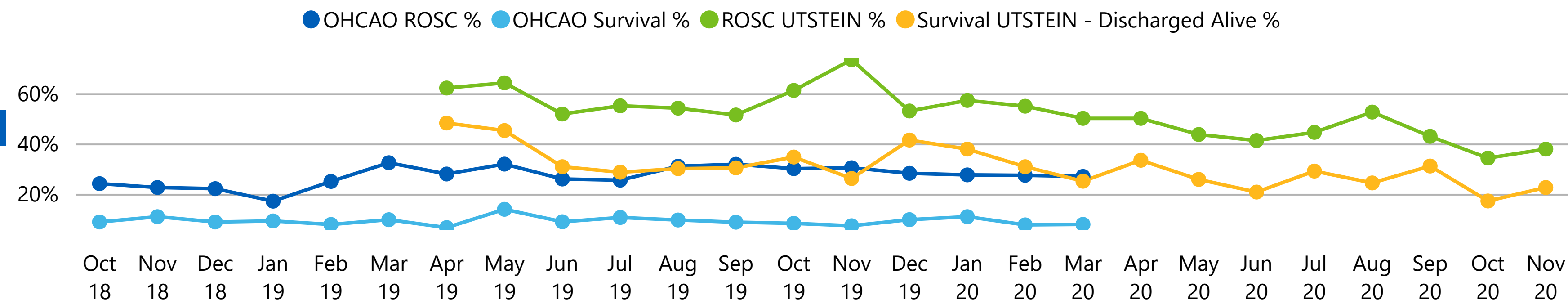
Sentinal Stroke National Audit Programme (SSNAP)

Indicator	Oct 20	Nov 20	Dec 20
Avg Time from call to hospital	87	85	81
Total Patients	360	340	385

Re-contacts as Proportion of Incident Category

Indicator	Jan 21	Feb 21	Mar 21
Re-contacts - H&T (%)	7.4%	8.1%	6.3%
Re-contacts - S&T (%)	5.9%	6.5%	6.2%
Re-contacts - Conveyed (%)	7.2%	6.9%	6.4%

ROSC and Survival



Sepsis Care Bundle – Data evidences increase in care bundle compliance from 61% in June 2019 to 79% in September 2020, dipping slightly to 76% in December 2020. Hospital pre- alert remains largely responsible for the majority of failures, however this element of the care bundle will likely be removed within the next 12 months. The ePR has updated to trigger sepsis warning flags when the observations are inputted and pre-alert will become a mandatory field in the next release of the ePR. An updated sepsis decision tool and 10/10/10 campaign which will be launched early February and aims to increase awareness of the care bundle and reduce on scene time for patients with Red Flag Sepsis. Full compliance is not possible due to the number of technicians working on the clinical side of the rota.

STEMI Care Bundle – STEMI care bundle performance is lower than the national average, and analgesia administration is identified as the main cause. The regional network approach to analgesia in STEMI does not correlate with the national care bundle and a full review of the care bundle audit is underway. A review of the STEMI emergency care pathway is also underway to include all ACS Patients.

Stroke Care Bundle – Consistently performing in 90% range, compliance could be improved with better documentation of patient blood sugar. The revised 10/10/10 and FASTO campaign was launched in Q3 19/20.

Cardiac Arrest Outcomes – YAS perform well in both Survival to discharge and ROSC against the national average. The highest number of patients to survive for one month was 38 out of 270 during Nov 16. Analysis from Apr 16 to Mar 20 depicts normal variation with proportion of YAS patients who survive to discharge following OHCA, therefore no special causes need to be investigated at this point of analysis. Analysis for ROSC demonstrates special cause variation in April 2020; further investigation demonstrates worsened patient acuity during this month due to the first wave of the current pandemic as being the main contributor to lower proportion of patients with ROSC at hospital handover.

MINAP – This data shows the mean and 90th percentile time from call to catheter insertion for angiography. Clinical evidence shows it is most effective to do this procedure within 120 minutes.

SSNAP – shows the call to hospital arrival time for patients with a stroke. The Ambulance Response Programme is responsible for the call to scene time, and further work is ongoing to improve performance. The ACS and Stroke improvement work streams will support more effective and efficient decision making and lead to a reduction in on-scene time.

Re-contacts with 72 hours - there has been a small but steady increase in the number of patients being referred to alternative providers following the increase in non-conveyance pathways and with the exception of the peak of the pandemic, there has been no change in re-contact. The Safer Right Care, Right Place project aims to improve the safety of decision making and reduce avoidable conveyances.

Fleet and Estates (Associate Director Responsible David Sanderson) - Mar 21

Estates

ShortName	Feb 21	Mar 21
P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	100.0%	100.0%
P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	100.0%	75.0%
P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	93.7%	83.3%
P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	74.6%	64.6%
Planned Maintenance Complete	92.9%	99.6%
P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	83.0%	90.8%
P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	59.2%	78.2%

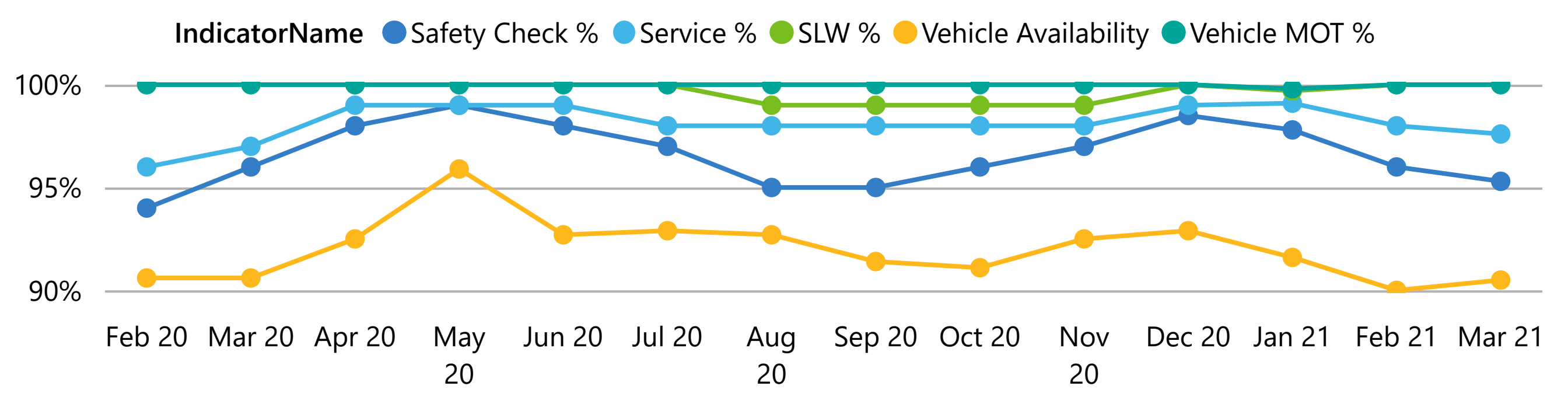
Estates Commentary

Reactive work requests totaled 317 for the month of March which is consistent for previous months of January (327) and February (321).

Springhill remains the largest user of reactive service requirement accounting for 12% of the demand on the Trust estate within March.

Combined first day fix for reactive work is at 76% within Month. The overall variable rate for attendance is 92% and completion of works is at 83% of the variable rate.

999 Fleet



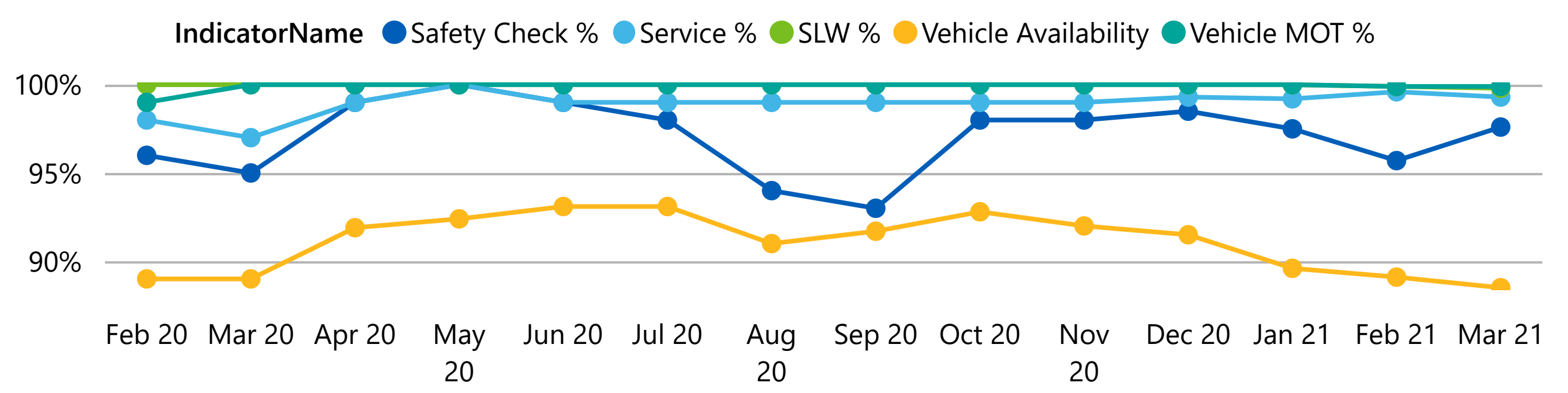
999 Fleet Age

IndicatorName	Mar 20	Mar 21
Vehicle age +7	3.5%	7.3%
Vehicle age +10		0.4%

PTS Age

IndicatorName	Mar 20	Mar 21
Vehicle age +7	16.7%	13.6%
Vehicle age +10	27.2%	9.8%

PTS Fleet



Fleet Commentary

March has seen the start of the replacement programme on A&E and PTS this has affected the vehicle availability slightly due to the commissioning and decommissioning process, longer term the newer vehicles will improve the overall availability due to reliability.

To date the Trust has taken delivery of 12 new DCA vehicles and 23 PTS vehicles. Although vehicle availability has dipped slightly fleet have been working with Operational colleagues to ensure all rota lines are covered. the routine maintenance is down on the previous month which is being rectified with the reallocation of resource and overtime to bring this back in line.

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (A&E)

A&E

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
AMB26	999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	time	Across all C1 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB25	999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	time	Across all C1 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB32	999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	time	Across all C2 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB31	999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	time	Across all C2 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB35	999 - C3 90th (T -<2Hrs)	time	Across all C3 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB34	999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	time	Across all C3 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB38	999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	time	Across all C4 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB37	999 - C4 Mean	time	Across all C4 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB01	999 - Total Calls via Telephony (AQI)	int	Count of all calls answered.
AMB07	999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	int	Count of all incidents.
AMB59	999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins	int	Count of Cat 1 incidents with a response time greater than the 90th percentile target.
AMB60	999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins	int	Count of Cat 2 incidents with a response time greater than 2 x the 90th percentile target.
AMB56	999 - Face to Face Incidents (STR + STC)	int	Count of incidents dealt with face to face.
AMB17	999 - Hear and Treat (HT)	int	Count of incidents not receiving a face-to-face response.
AMB53	999 - Conveyance to ED	int	Count of incidents with any patients transported to an Emergency Department (ED), including incidents where the department transported to is not specified.
AMB54	999 - Conveyance to Non ED	int	Count of incidents with any patients transported to any facility other than an Emergency Department.
AMB55	999 - See, Treat and Refer (STR)	int	Count of incidents with face-to-face response, but no patients transported.
AMB05	999 - Answer 95th Percentile	time	The 95th percentile time to answer each call.
AMB71	999 - Avg Hospital Turnaround	time	The average time taken from notifying at hospital arrival to the time the crew clear.
AMB70	999 - Job Cycle Time	time	The average time taken from the time call commenced to the time the crew clear.
AMB03	999 - Answer Mean	time	The average time to answer each call.
AMB00	999 - Total Number of Calls	int	The count of all ambulance control room contacts.

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (IUC and PTS)

IUC and PTS

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
IUC01	IUC - Call Answered	int	Number of calls answered
IUC02	IUC - Calls abandoned	percent	Percentage of calls offered that were abandoned
IUC03	IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	percent	Percentage difference between actual number of calls answered and the contract ceiling level
IUC06	IUC - Core Clinical Advice	percent	Number of patients that received core clinical advice
IUC08	IUC - Direct Bookings	percent	Percentage of calls where the patient was recommended to contact a primary care service that had an appointment directly booked. This indicator includes system bookings made by external providers
IUC07	IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	percent	Percentage of patients that were offered a call back by a clinician that were called within 1 hour
IUC12	IUC - ED validations %	percent	Percentage of initial Emergency Department outcomes that were clinically validated
IUC13	IUC - Ambulance validations %	percent	Percentage of initial Category 3 or 4 ambulance outcomes that were clinically validated
IUC14	IUC - ED %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached an Emergency Department outcome
IUC15	IUC - Ambulance %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached an ambulance dispatch outcome
IUC16	IUC - Selfcare %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached a self care outcome
IUC17	IUC - Other Outcome %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached any other outcome
IUC18	IUC - Primary Care %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached a Primary Care outcome
IUC19	IUC - Other Referrals %	percent	Percentage of triaged calls that reached a referral to any other service
PTS01	PTS - Demand (Journeys)	int	Count of delivered journeys, aborted journeys and escorts on journeys
PTS02	PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	percent	Patients picked up and dropped off within 120 minutes
PTS03	PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	percent	Patients dropped off at hospital before Appointment Time
PTS04	PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	percent	Pre Planned patients to be picked up within 90 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital
PTS05	PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	percent	Short Notice patients to be picked up within 120 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital
PTS06	PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	percent	The percentage of calls answered within 180 seconds via the telephony system

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Quality and Safety)

Quality and Safety

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
QS01	All Incidents Reported	int	
QS02	Serious	int	
QS03	Moderate & Above Harm	int	
QS04	Medication Related	int	
QS05	Number of duty of candour contacts	int	
QS06	Duty of candour contacts exceptions	int	
QS07	Complaint	int	
QS08	Compliment	int	
QS09	Concern	int	
QS10	Service to Service	int	
QS11	Adult Safeguarding Referrals	int	
QS12	Child Safeguarding Referrals	int	
QS13	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L1)	percent	
QS14	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L2)	percent	
QS15	% Trained Safeguarding for Adults (L1)	percent	
QS17	% FOI Request Compliance	percent	
QS18	% Compliance with Hand Hygiene	percent	
QS19	% Compliance with Premise	percent	
QS20	% Compliance with Vehicle	percent	
QS26	Moderate and Above Harm (Per 1K Incidents)	int	
QS24	Staff survey improvement question	int	(TBC, yearly)
QS21	Number of RIDDORs Submitted	int	Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Workforce)

Workforce

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
WF36	Headcount in Post	int	Headcount of primary assignments
WF35	Special Leave	percent	Special Leave (eg: Carers leave, compassionate leave) as a percentage of FTE days in the period.
WF19	Vacancy Rate %	percent	Full Time Equivalent Staff required to fill the budgeted amount as a percentage
WF18	FTE in Post %	percent	Full Time Equivalent Staff in post, calculated as a percentage of the budgeted amount
WF17	Apprentice %	percent	The percentage of staff who are on an apprenticeship
WF16	Disabled %	percent	The percentage of staff who identify as being disabled
WF14	Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	percent	Percentage of staff with an in date competency for "Basic Life Support" , "Moving and Handling Patients" and "Conflict Resolution" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR
WF13	Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	percent	Percentage of staff with an in date competency for "Safeguarding Children Level 2" , "Safeguarding Adults Level 2" and "Prevent WRAP" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR
WF12	Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	percent	Percentage of staff with an in date competency for "Health Risk & Safety Awareness" , "Moving and Handling Loads" , "Infection Control" , "Safeguarding Children Level 1" , "Safeguarding Adults Level 1" , "Prevent Awareness" and "Equality, Diversity and Human Rights" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR
WF11	Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	percent	Percentage of staff with an in date competency for both "Information Governance" and "Fire Safety & Awareness"
WF09	Sickness - Short Term %	percent	Sickness lasting less than 28 days, as a percentage of FTE days in the period
WF08	Sickness - Long Term %	percent	Sickness lasting 28 days or over, as a percentage of FTE days in the period
WF07	Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	percent	All Sickness as a percentage of FTE days in the period
WF05	PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	percent	Percentage of staff with an in date Personal Development Review, also known as an Appraisal
WF04	Turnover (FTE) %	percent	The number of staff leaving (FTE) in the period relative to the average FTE in post for the period
WF03	New Starters (FTE)	decimal	New starters in the month (FTE)
WF02	BME %	percent	The percentage of staff who identify as belonging to a Black or Minority Ethnic background
WF01	FTE in Post	int	Full Time Equivalent Staff in post, calculated as of the last day of each month

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Clinical)

Clinical

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	Description
CLN33	Survival UTSTEIN - Discharged Alive %	percent	Survival UTSTEIN - Proportion discharged alive.
CLN32	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients Discharged Alive	int	Survival UTSTEIN - Of R4n, patients discharged from hospital alive.
CLN31	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients	int	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients with resuscitation commenced / continued by Ambulance Service.
CLN30	ROSC UTSTEIN %	percent	ROSC UTSTEIN - Proportion who had ROSC on arrival at hospital.
CLN29	ROSC UTSTEIN Patients - ROSC on arrival at Hospital	int	ROSC UTSTEIN - Of R2n, patients who had ROSC on arrival at hospital.
CLN28	ROSC UTSTEIN Patients	int	ROSC UTSTEIN - Patients with resuscitation commenced / continued by Ambulance Service.
CLN27	ePR Referrals (%)	percent	Proportion of ePR referrals made by YAS crews at scene.
CLN24	Re-contacts (%)	percent	Proportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.
CLN21	Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (90th Percentile)	int	MINAP - For M3n, 90th centile time from call to catheter insertion for angiography.
CLN18	Number of STEMI Patients	int	Number of patients in the MINAP dataset an initial diagnosis of myocardial infarction.
CLN17	Avg Time from call to hospital	int	SSNAP - Avg Time from call to hospital.
CLN15	Stroke %	percent	Proportion of adult patients with a pre-hospital impression of suspected stroke who received the appropriate best practice care bundle.
CLN12	Sepsis %	percent	Proportion of adult patients with a pre- hospital impression of suspected sepsis with a NEWS2 score of 7 and above who received the appropriate best practice care bundle
CLN10	Number of patients who received appropriate care bundle (Sepsis)	int	Number of adult patients with a pre-hospital impression of suspected sepsis with a NEWS2 score of 7 and above who received the appropriate best practice care bundle
CLN09	STEMI %	percent	Proportion of patients with a pre-hospital clinical working impression of STEMI who received the appropriate best practice care bundle
CLN06	OHCAO Survival %	percent	Proportion of patients who survived to discharge or were alive in hospital after 30 days following an out of hospital cardiac arrest during which YAS continued or commenced resuscitation
CLN03	OHCAO ROSC %	percent	Proportion of patients who had return of spontaneous circulation upon hospital arrival following an out of hospital cardiac arrest during which YAS continued or commenced BLS/ALS

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Fleet and Estates)

Fleet and Estates

mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	Description
FLE07	Service %	percent	Service level compliance
FLE06	Safety Check %	percent	Safety check compliance
FLE05	SLW %	percent	Service LOLER (Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations) and weight test compliance
FLE04	Vehicle MOT %	percent	MOT compliance
FLE03	Vehicle Availability	percent	Availability of fleet across the trust
FLE02	Vehicle age +10	percent	Vehicles across the fleet of 10 years or more
FLE01	Vehicle age 7-10	percent	Vehicles across the fleet of 7 years or more
EST14	P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	percent	P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks
EST13	P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	percent	P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks
EST12	P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P2 Emergency – Complete within 24 hrs compliance
EST11	P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	percent	P2 Emergency – attend within 4 hrs compliance
EST10	Planned Maintenance Complete	percent	Planned maintenance completion compliance
EST09	All calls (Completion) - average	percent	Average completion compliance across all calls
EST08	P4 Non Emergency – Complete (<14 Days)	percent	P4 Non Emergency completed within 14 working days compliance
EST07	P3 Non Emergency – Complete (<72rs)	percent	P3 Non Emergency completed within 72 hours compliance
EST06	P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P1 Emergency completed within 24 hours compliance
EST05	Planned Maintenance Attendance	percent	Average attendance compliance across all calls
EST04	All calls (Attendance) - average	percent	All calls (Attendance) - average
EST03	P4 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P4 Non Emergency attended within 2 working days compliance
EST02	P3 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P3 Non Emergency attended within 24 hours compliance
EST01	P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	percent	P1 Emergency attended within 2 hours compliance