



Integrated Performance Report

Published 21st July 2022







Report Guide

Key Buttons

This button will direct you to the relevant page when clicked.

This button will take you to a further drill down page or report. for example, monthly data or the indicator annex. They are usually found at the bottom of the page.

Cover

Contents Strategy and Priorities Overvi... Programme Dashboard Programme Dashboard 999 Performance Exceptions IUC and PTS Performance Ex... Support Services Exceptions YAS Workforce Patient Demand Patient Outcomes Patient Experience (Quality) Patient Safety (Quality) Patient Clinical Effectiveness Fleet and Estates

Glossary

Menu

The menu of the left hand side of the screen directs you to the relevant pages for all reports within the app. The IPR has a main report and an Annex.

Reset Filters

This button found top right of the app will reset all filters to the default.

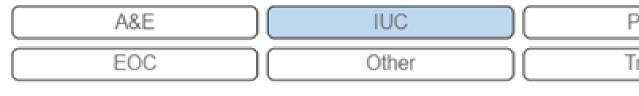


Hover Over Visuals All of the indicators in the Main IPR allow you to hover over them and see the potential drill down at a glance without having to go to the Annex. The IPR annex has a page for each report covering the main indicators. Just hover over an indicator without clicking to see the data.

Exceptions, Variation and Assurance

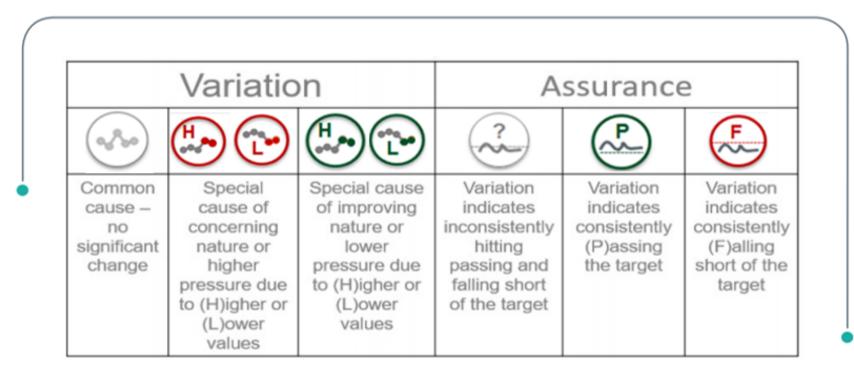
Key Buttons

Some of the summary pages allow for further drill down against areas defined within the IPR. These are found at the top of the page





As seen in the above visual. Statistical Control Charts (SPC) are used to define variation and targets to provide assurance. Variation that is deemed outside the defined lower and upper limit will be shown as a red dot. Where available variation is defined using weekly data and if its not available monthly charts have been used. Icons are used following best practice from NHS Digital and adapted to YAS. The definitions for these can be found below.



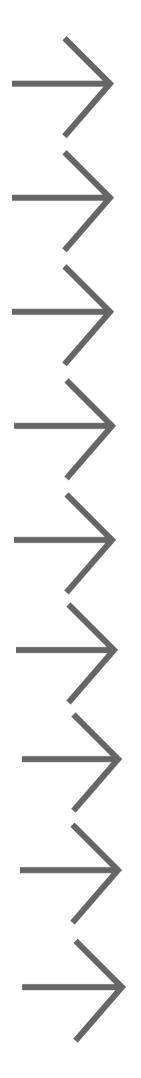


PTS	
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Category C1 Incidents



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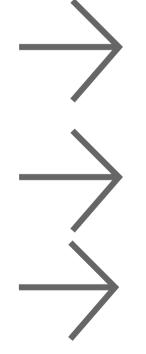


Strategy and Priorities Overview Service Transformation & System Pressures Transformation Programme Dashboards KPI Exceptions (999, IUC, PTS, Quality and Workforce) Workforce Summary Finance Summary Patient Demand Summary Patient Experience (Quality) Patient Clinical Effectiveness







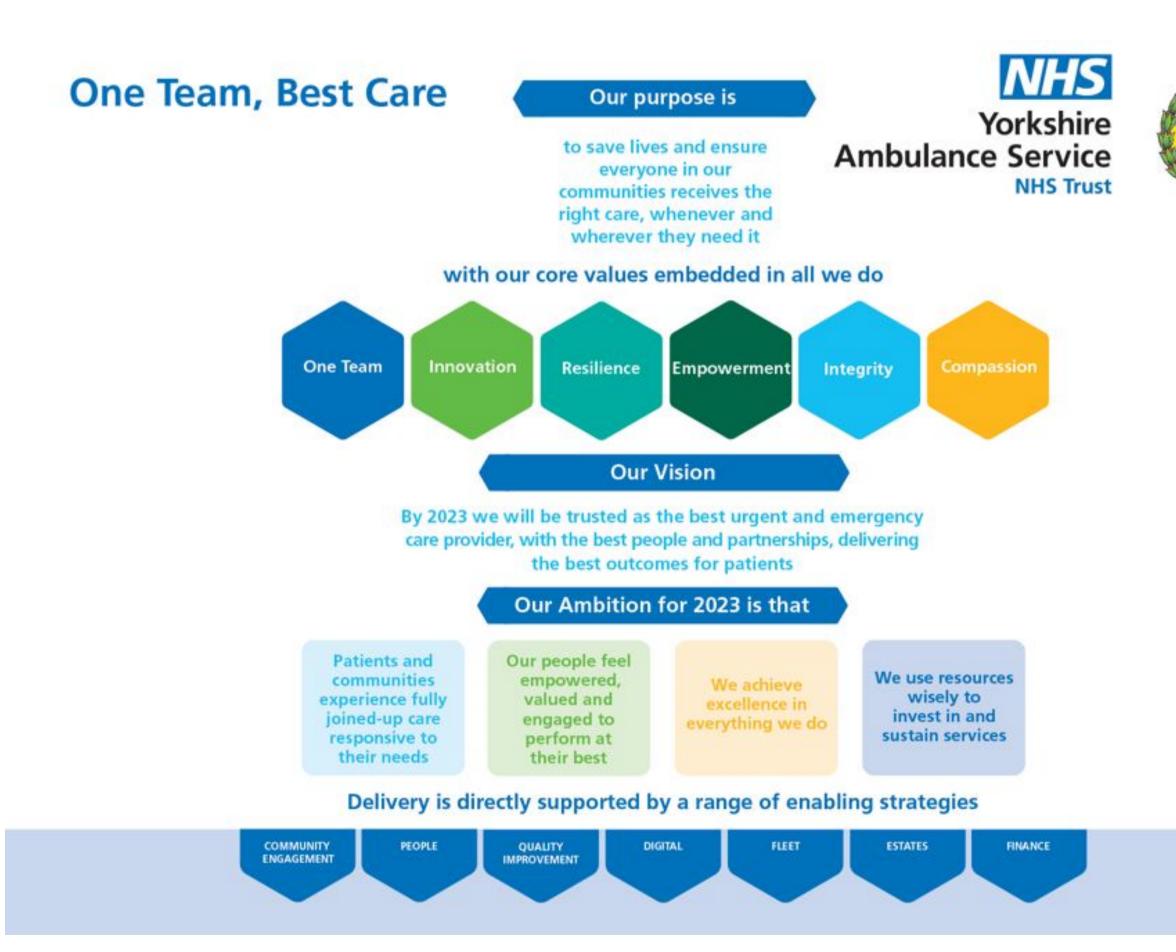


Patient Outcomes Summary

Patient Safety (Quality)

Fleet and Estates

Strategy, Ambitions & Key Priorities









999 IPR Key Exceptions - June 22

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
999 - Answer Mean		00:00:24	H ->	
999 - Answer 95th Percentile		00:02:34	H	
999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	00:07:00	00:09:30	H	F
999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	00:15:00	00:16:28	H	F
999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	00:18:00	00:43:18	(H->	F
999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	00:40:00	01:35:57	(F
999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	01:00:00	02:17:01	(F
999 - C3 90th (T -<2Hrs)	02:00:00	05:24:57	(F
999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	03:00:00	06:44:07	(F
999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins		1,085	(
999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins		5,469	H ~	
999 - Job Cycle Time		01:51:04	(ashar	
999 - Avg Hospital Turnaround	00:30:00	00:52:42	(F
999 - Avg Hospital Handover		00:30:53		
999 - Avg Hospital Crew Clear		00:17:29		
999 - Average Hospital Notify Time		00:05:27		

<u>Click information button for Monthly View</u>

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<u> tions - Comments (Director Responsible - Nick Smith)</u>

Answer - The mean call answer was 24 seconds for June, an increase of 17 seconds when compared to May. The tail end of nswer times shown in the percentiles saw a steadily decreasing trend between October 2021 and February 2022 in line with nean, however the figure has started to fluctuate since: June saw the figure increase once again after a decrease in May.

-4 Performance - No national performance targets were met in June. Performance times for all categories remain ptionally high. Compared to May, the Category 1 mean and 90th percentile performance times were increased by 56 seconds 3 seconds, respectively.

actions were 1.3% higher than forecast for June, increasing 3.5% from May. Weekly staff hours have fallen compared to May er 3,900 hours per week. DCA Jobs times have lengthened by 27 seconds compared to May. This has contributed to overall ability decreasing by 2.3% from May and was reflected in worsened performance. Compared to June 2021, abstractions are 5.0% and availability is down by 4.4%.

Acuity and Availability - The proportion of Cat1 and Cat2 incidents was 65.9% in June (11.3% Cat1, 54.6% Cat2) after a 1.1% ase on May (0.5% increase in Cat1 and 0.6% increase in Cat2). Comparing against the previous year, Cat1 proportion has ased by 1.9% and Cat2 proportion has decreased by 0.5%. DCA Availability was 14.3% in June; the lowest monthly figure in -23 so far following a 2.1% decrease on May's figure. There was also a 2.6% decrease on the previous year.

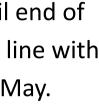
onses Tail (C1 and C2) - The number of Cat1 responses greater than 90th percentile target has been fluctuating in recent hs. The figure decreased in May, however June saw the figure rise once again; a 45.8% increase on May. It remains 84.2% er than June 2021. The number of Cat2 responses greater than 2x 90th percentile target increased from May by 96.8%. It ins 144.8% higher than June 2021.

ycle time - Overall, job cycle time is approximately 1 minute longer than in May and 10 minutes longer than in June 2021.

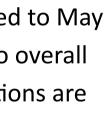
ital - Average Crew Clear saw a 1 second decrease in June. The average handover time in June increased by approximately 1 te compared to May at 00:30:53 which caused hospital turnaround time to increase by approximately 1 minute and a half. around times continues to show exceptionally long times. Average turnarounds are now almost 23 minutes above target and 12 minutes longer than they were at the same time last year. The number of incidents with conveyance to ED is 4.9% lower than May and 8.8% lower than June last year.

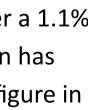
<u>Click information button for further drill down including benchmarking and SPC</u>













IUC IPR Key Indicators - June 22



YAS received 156,200 calls in June, -5.1% below the Annual Business Plan baseline demand as of the end of the month. Of calls offered in June, 130,095 calls (83.3%) were answered, -1.3% fewer calls were answered than in May and -8.6% fewer than the number of calls answered in June 2021.

Although demand has dropped recently, continued limited staff availability has heavily impacted on call performance metrics. Whilst it is no longer a national KPI, we are continuing to monitor the percentage of calls answered in 60 seconds as it is well recognised within the IUC service and operations as a benchmark of overall performance. This measure decreased in June to 25.2%, compared to May's 39.2%. Average speed to answer in June was 517 seconds (8 minutes and 37 seconds), up 231 seconds from May and still significantly higher than the national target of <20 seconds. Similarly, abandoned calls were 16.7% this month, above the 3% target and an increase of 6.6% on May's performance. YAS are not alone in these challenges, with other providers experiencing similar challenges.

The proportion of Clinician Call Backs made within 1 hour was 44.4%, below the 60% target and lower than 49.1% in May. Core clinical advice was 20.0%, down 2.0% on May. These figures are calculated based on the new ADC specification, which removes 111 online cases from counting as part of clinical advice, and also locally we are removing cases which come from the DCABS clinical service as we do not receive the initial calls for these cases.

The national KPI for ambulance validations monitors performance against outcomes validated within 30 minutes, rather than just all outcomes validated, and the target for this is 50% of outcomes. However, YAS is still measured against a local target of 95% of outcomes validated overall. Against the national KPI, performance was 92.8% in June, whilst performance for overall validations was 97.2%, with around 9,500 cases validated overall.

ED validation performance was 33.3% for June, -7.4% lower than May. This figure being lower than the target is due in part to ED validation services being closed on DoS (in the out of hours periods) for several periods of time during the month as a result of clinical demand and capacity pressures to the service. In June we saw an increase in the time the ED validation services had been turned off. ED validation also continues to be driven down since the implementation of 111 First and the prioritisation of UTCs over validation services for cases with an initial ED outcome. Previous analysis showed that if cases now going to UTCs that would have gone to validation previously were no longer included in the denominator for the validation calculation, YAS would have met and exceeded the 50% target every month this year.

Amongst booking KPIs, bookings to UTCs stayed consistent in June at 50.9% after the increase in February 2022. Bookings to IUC Treatment Centre's has stayed consistent at 52.3% for June. ED bookings are still being monitored, with performance continuing to remain below 40%. Finally performance against the SDEC booking KPI remains at 0% as very few cases are being referred to SDEC and no booking is enabled.

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
IUC - Call Answered		130,095	H	
IUC - Increase - Previous Month		-1.3%		
IUC - Increase Same Month Last Year		-8.6%		
IUC - Calls Triaged		124,203		
IUC - Calls Abandoned	3.0%	16.7%	H	F
IUC - Answer Mean	00:00:20	00:08:37	H	F
IUC - Answered in 60 Secs	90.0%	25.2%		F
IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	60.0%	44.4%		F
IUC - ED Validations %	50.0%	33.6%		F
IUC - ED %		14.1%	(a) % a)	
IUC - ED outcome to A&E		77.6%		
IUC - ED outcome to UTC		12.7%		
IUC - Ambulance %		10.3%		



<u>IUC Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)</u>



PTS IPR Key Indicators - June 22



Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	90.0%	21.1%		F
PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	90.8%	86.3%	(agha)	F
PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	90.4%	90.6%	(agha)	F
PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	90.0%	87.6%	(agha)	F
PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	90.0%	99.3%	(agha)	
PTS - Same Month Last Year		3.3%		
PTS - Increase - Previous Month		-2.9%		
PTS - Demand (Journeys)		74,687	(00 ⁰ 00)	?



Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Karen Owens)

Demand in June 22 was 74,687, a 2.9% decrease to May. There were less operational weekdays in June due to the Jubilee Holiday, which contributed to lower activity levels. Compared to June 21, demand saw a 3.3% increase. At the end of QTR 022, total activity was 8.4% higher than January - March 22.

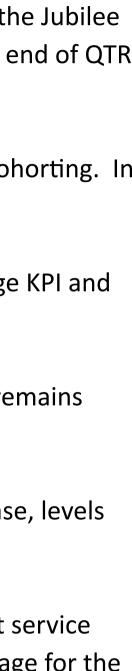
ving the updated IP&C guidance, PTS have been working towards restoring service efficiency by reintroducing cohorting. In the average patients per vehicle was 1.04. This will be ramped up from QTR2 of 2022/23.

ontractual KPI's remain suspended in line with NHS England Guidance. Focus continues on the 120 Min Discharge KPI and nt care.

nort Notice outwards KPI saw a 0.5% increase and was the highest it's been since March 22. Although the KPI remains target, it falls within the normal control limits.

demand (patients now categorised as 'Infectious Respiratory') saw a 27.6% increase to May. Despite the increase, levels in well below Covid demand seen over the Winter period.

PTS Call Performance for June was 21.1%, significantly under the 90.0% target. High call demand continues to impact service level, with June seeing 20.8% more calls than expected. Higher call demand drove up staffing requirements, on average for the month net staffing was -10.6 FTE under the requirement needed to achieve the 180 Second KPI.





Support Services IPR Key Indicators - June 22

Indicator	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
All Incidents Reported		708	(ag ⁰ 00)	
Serious		8	H	
Moderate and Above Harm		38	H ~	
Service to Service		73	00 ⁰ 00	
Adult Safeguarding Referrals		1,656	H ~	
Child Safeguarding Referrals		850	H	

	Target	Actual	Variance	Assurance
Turnover (FTE) %		12.3%	H	
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	5.0%	8.9%	H	F
Special Leave		0.2%	H	
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	90.0%	57.2%		F
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	90.0%	91.0%	(agles)	F
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	90.0%	86.3%	\bigcirc	F
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	90.0%	76.9%	(ay Par	F

Click information button for Monthly View

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<u> Jality and Safety Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Clare Ashby)</u>

tient Relations – There has been an increase in service to service and complaints from May to June, th many of the complaints relating to delayed responses due to increase in demand on all service lines. mpliments for the services remain at a good level despite the operational pressures.

feguarding adult and child – have seen a slight decrease compared to May figures but remain higher than ne '21 figures.

feguarding training – level 2 training is below the expected range of 85%. Increasing operational demands are ecting time for training and eLearning time provision has not been replaced since face to face training has been spended. Trust managers, supported by the communications team, are working to ensure all staff are up to date th their eLearning.

<u> Vorkforce Exceptions - Comments (Director Responsible - Mandy Wilcock)</u>

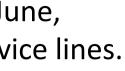
ickness - Sickness has increased to 8.9%, impacting on performance concerns across the Trust. The EOC/111 ransformation teams have specific work streams regarding health and wellbeing. The sickness taskforce approach is lso being refreshed to progress this work further.

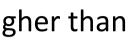
DR / Appraisals - Rates at 57.2%, a small increase at Trust level, however reduced completion rates in EOC and IUC. New eporting has allowed greater visibility of the data. Support continues to be provided to all areas, and managers are eceiving update briefings and workshops (for new managers) on how to conduct the appraisals achieving a quality onversation. A new Compliance Dashboard is now available to make it easier for managers to see who needs an Appraisal nd who has one coming up (contact BI for access and training).

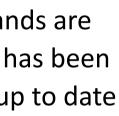
tatutory and Mandatory Training - Compliance figures continue to improve at Trust level and in most areas, with PTS still ally compliant (green) for all categories. Staff are being encouraged to get all eLearning completed, managers receive the ortnightly Compliance Dashboard, Essential Learning Champions are in place for all areas of the Trust, and the Trust is on track to achieve full compliance (for eLearning) by end of September.

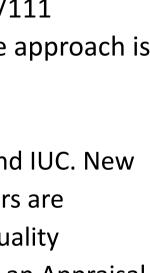
Click information button for further drill down including Benchmarking and SPC













Workforce Summary

Key KPIs

Name	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22
Turnover (FTE) %	9.1%	12.2%	12.3%
Vacancy Rate %	6.8%	15.1%	13.7%
Apprentice %	5.9%	8.3%	8.6%
BME %	6.2%	6.3%	6.2%
Disabled %	3.3%	4.4%	4.5%
Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	7.3%	8.6%	8.9%
Special Leave	1.4%	0.3%	0.2%
PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	73.8%	53.1%	57.2%
Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	87.2%	91.0%	91.0%
Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	97.0%	85.3%	86.3%
Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	69.1%	77.0%	76.9%
Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	84.9%	92.9%	93.1%

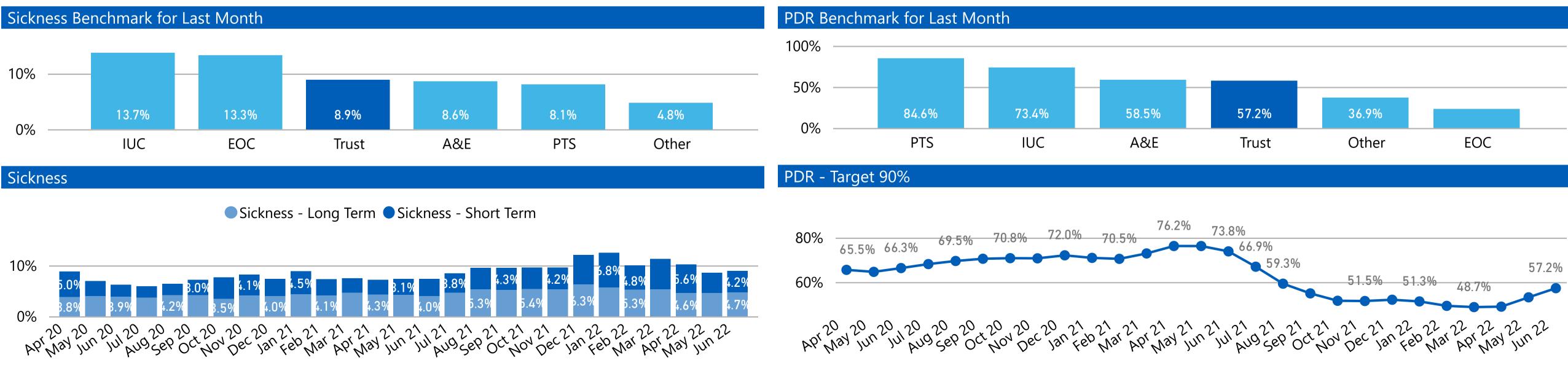
YAS Commentary

FTE, Turnover, Vacancies and BME - The vacancy rate shown is based on the budget position against current FTE establishment with vacancies at 13.7%. Turnover is at 12.3%. Both these are gradually increasing with the main area of concern remaining in our call centres. Dedicated recruitment and retention work within our call centres continues to progress well. Cultural reviews are also taking place to understand issues.

Sickness - Sickness has increased to 8.9%, impacting on performance concerns across the Trust. The EOC/111 transformation teams have specific work streams regarding health and wellbeing. The sickness taskforce approach is also being refreshed to progress this work further.

PDR / Appraisals - Rates at 57.2%, a small increase at Trust level, however reduced completion rates in EOC and IUC. New reporting has allowed greater visibility of the data. Support continues to be provided to all areas, and managers are receiving update briefings and workshops (for new managers) on how to conduct the appraisals achieving a quality conversation. A new Compliance Dashboard is now available to make it easier for managers to see who needs an Appraisal and who has one coming up (contact BI for access and training).

Statutory and Mandatory Training - Compliance figures continue to improve at Trust level and in most areas, with PTS still fully compliant (green) for all categories. Staff are being encouraged to get all eLearning completed, managers receive the fortnightly Compliance Dashboard, Essential Learning Champions are in place for all areas of the Trust, and the Trust is on track to achieve full compliance (for eLearning) by end of September.

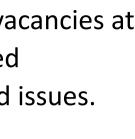


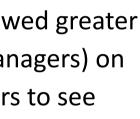
Click information button for key KPIs by Month

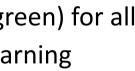
A&E	IUC	PTS) NHS Yorkshire
EOC	Other	Trust	Ambulance Service

Click information button PDR by Team









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YAS Finance Summary (Director Responsible Kathryn Vause- May 22)

Overview - Unaudited Position

Overall - The Trust has a year to date surplus at month 3 of £120k as shown above. £0k or breakeven for ICB reporting after the gains on disposals and impairements are removed, this is the measure by which the Trust's financial position is assessed.

Capital - YTD expenditure is lower than plan due to incorrect profile for ICT and delays on Estates and Transformation.

Cash - As at the end of May the Trust had £79.6m cash at bank. (£75.9m at the end of 21/22).

Risk Rating - There is currently no risk rating measure reporting for 2022/23.

Full Year Position (£000s)					
Name •	YTD Plan	YTD Actual	YTD Plan v Actual		
Surplus/ (Deficit)		£120	£120		
Cash	£77,000	£77,000	£0		
Capital	£1,551	£466	-£1,085		

Monthly	v View	(£000s)
	2022.05	

Indicator Name T	2022-05	2022-06
Surplus/ (Deficit)	-£4,610	£4,730
Cash	£78,525	£79,865
Capital	£193	£273









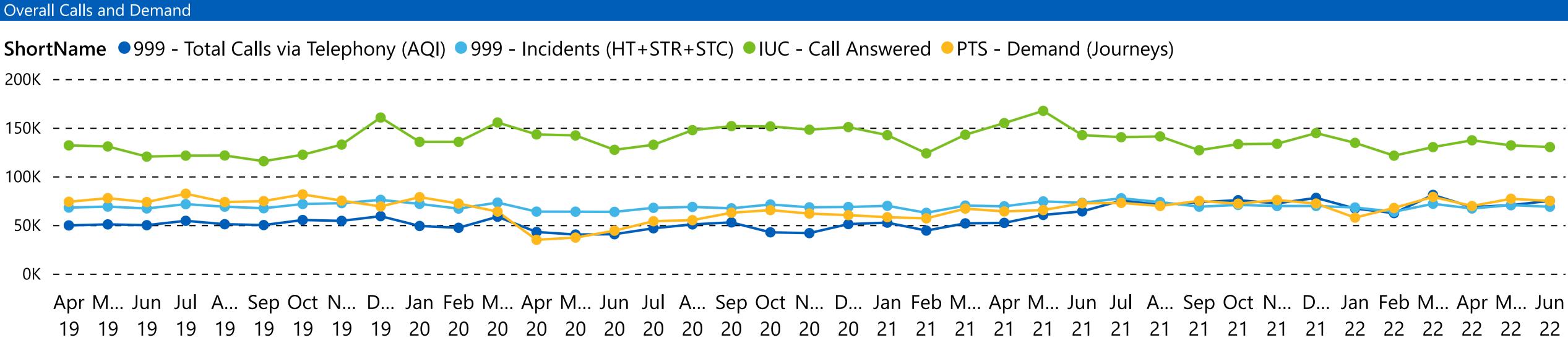
Patient Demand Summary

Demand Summary				Commentary
ShortName	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22	999 - At Scene F +HT) was 2.4%
999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	72,793	70,445	68,762	,
999 - Increase - Previous Month	-2.0%	5.2%		IUC - YAS receiv
999 - Increase - Same Month Last Year	14.6%	-5.1%		month. Of calls and -8.6% fewe
IUC - Call Answered	142,369	131,828	130,095	
IUC - Increase - Previous Month	-14.9%	-3.8%	-1.3%	PTS - Total Dem
IUC - Increase Same Month Last Year	12.4%	-21.2%	-8.6%	to the Jubilee B
IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	2.1%	-24.0%	-22.5%	increase. At the
PTS - Demand (Journeys)	72,272	76,937	74,687	
PTS - Increase - Previous Month	10.6%	10.7%	-2.9%	
PTS - Same Month Last Year	63.7%	17.7%	3.3%	

<u>Click information button for Monthly Table View</u>

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200K 150K





Response demand was 3.4% lower than forecasted levels for June. All Response Demand (STR + STC down from May and 5.5% lower than June 2021.

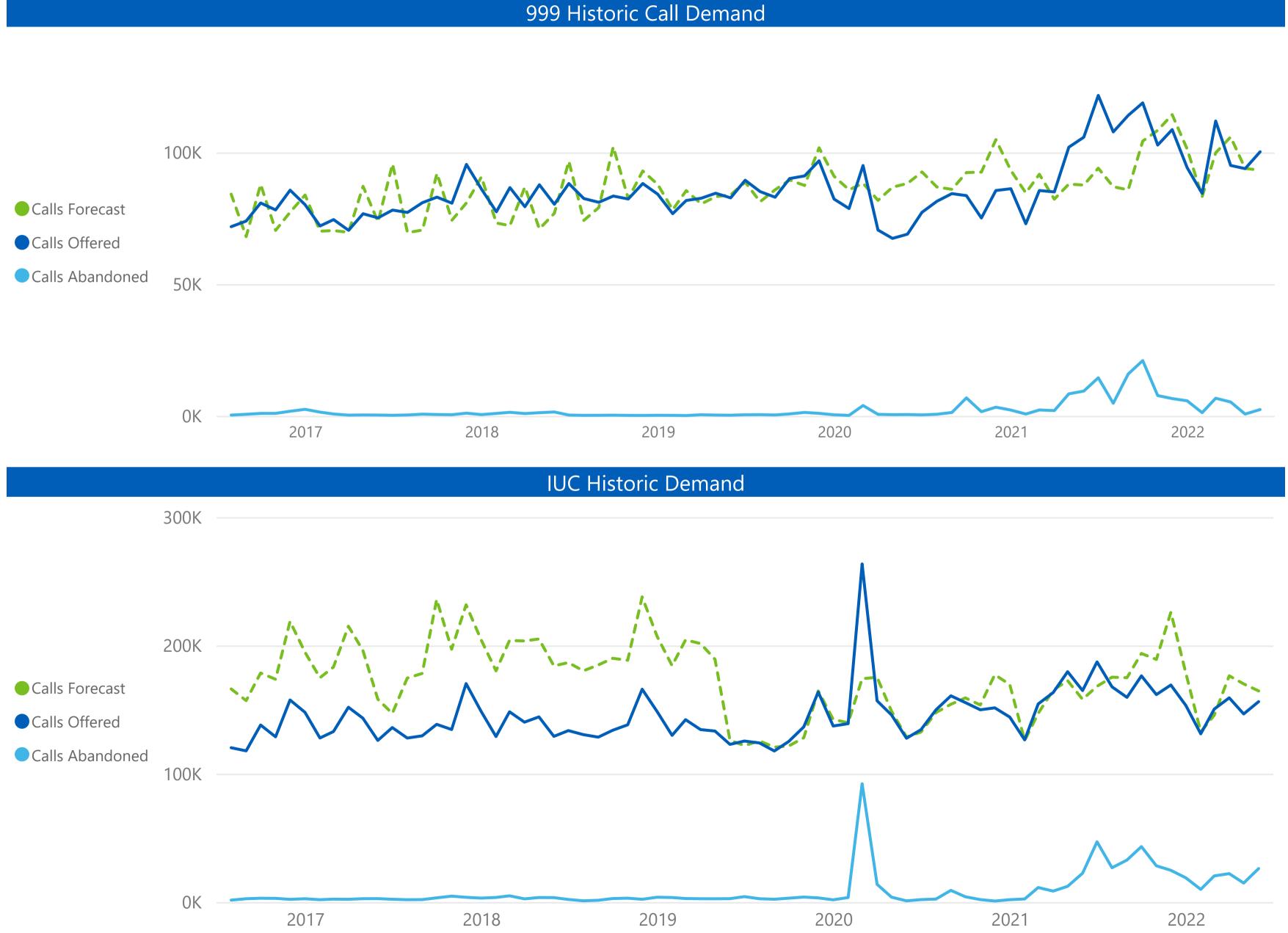
eived 156,200 calls in June, -5.1% below the Annual Business Plan baseline demand as of the end of the s offered in June, 130,095 calls (83.3%) were answered, -1.3% fewer calls were answered than in May er than the number of calls answered in June 2021.

mand in June 22 was 74,687, a 2.9% decrease to May. There were less operational weekdays in June due Bank Holiday, which contributed to lower activity levels. Compared to June 21, demand saw a 3.3% ne end of QTR 1 of 2022, total activity was 8.4% higher than January - March 22.



999 and IUC Historic Demand

999 and IUC call demand broken down by calls forecast, calls offered and calls abandoned.





999 data on this page differs from elsewhere within the IPR because this includes calls on both the emergency and non emergency applications within EOC, whereas the main IPR includes emergency only. The forecast relates to the expected volume of calls offered in EOC, which is the total volume of calls answered and abandoned. The difference between calls offered and abandoned is calls answered.

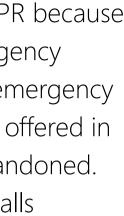
In June 2022 there were 100,241 calls offered which was 7.5% above forecast, with 97,838 calls answered and 2,403 calls abandoned (2.4%). There were 6.8% more calls offered compared to May 2022 and 5.2% fewer calls offered compared to June 2021. Historically, the number of abandoned calls has been very low, however, in late 2021 and early 2022 this has increased. In June there were almost 3.5 times as many abandoned calls as there were in May.

The chart shows IUC call demand broken down by calls forecast, calls offered and calls abandoned.

Calls offered is the total volume of calls answered and calls abandoned. The difference between calls offered and abandoned is calls answered.

YAS received 156,200 calls in June, -5.1% below the Annual Business Plan baseline demand as of the end of the month. Of calls offered in June, 130,095 calls (83.3%) were answered, -1.3% fewer calls were answered than in May and -8.6% fewer than the number of calls answered in June 2021.

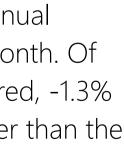
Calls abandoned for June were 16.7%, 6.6% higher than May 2022 but -8.4% lower when compared to June 2021.











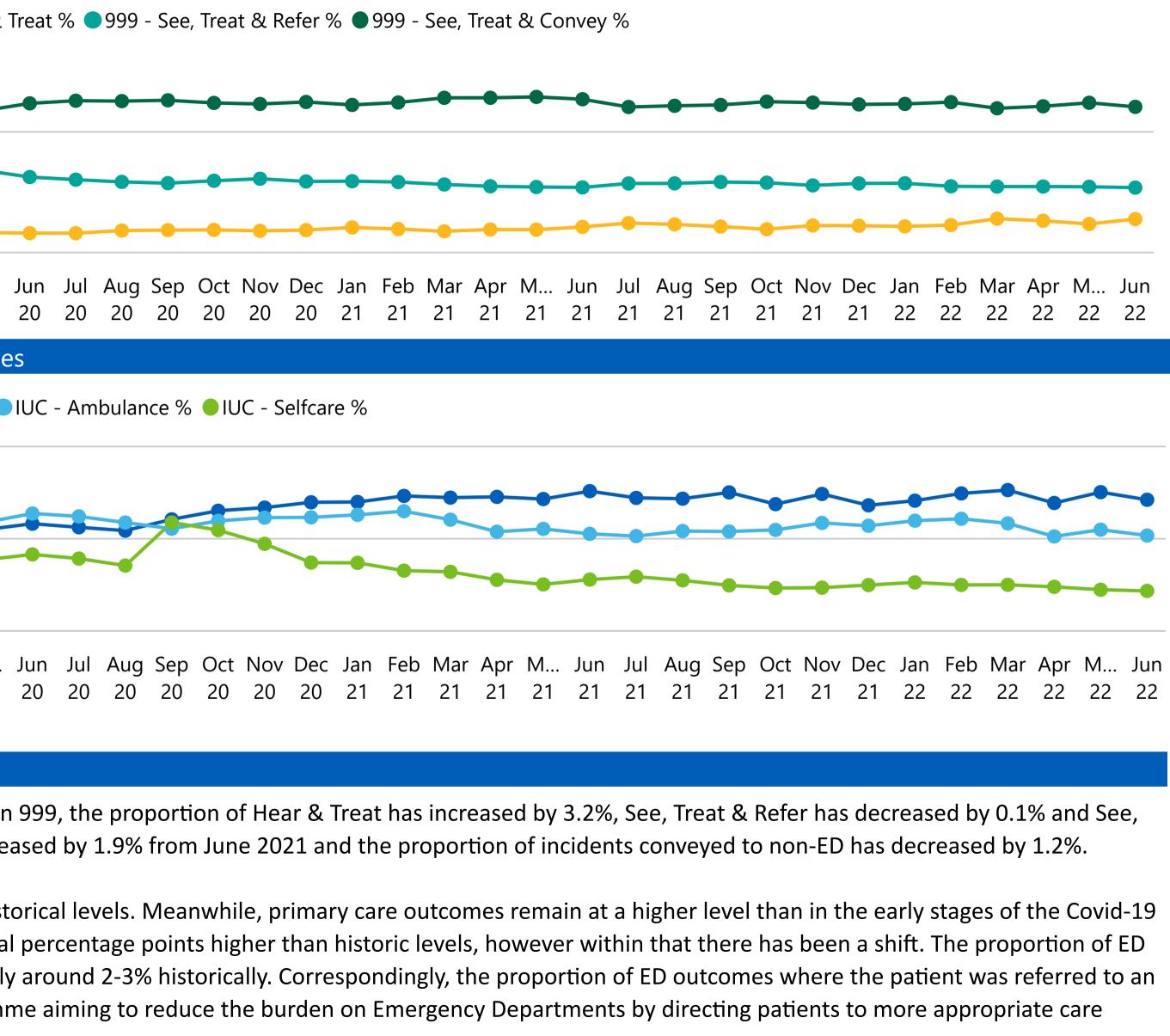
Patient Outcomes Summary

			999 Outcomes
Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22	<mark> </mark> 999 - Hear & T
72,793	70,445	68,762	
10.3%	11.5%	13.5%	50%
26.6%	26.9%	26.5%	
63.1%	61.7%	60.0%	
55.2%	54.6%	53.2%	0%
8.0%	7.0%	6.7%	Apr M
136,238	124,989	124,203	
15.1%	15.0%	14.1%	IUC Outcome
79.2%	77.2%	77.6%	● IUC - ED % ●
10.9%	12.8%	12.7%	20%
10.4%	10.9%	10.3%	
5.5%	4.4%	4.2%	10%
11.4%	11.0%	11.1%	
55.9%	57.1%	58.4%	0%
72,272	76,937	74,687	Apr M 20 20
hly Table Vi	iew 🗊		
	 72,793 10.3% 26.6% 63.1% 655.2% 136,238 136,238 15.1% 79.2% 10.9% 10.9% 10.4% 5.5% 11.4% 55.9% 72,272 	72,793 70,445 10.3% 11.5% 26.6% 26.9% 63.1% 61.7% 55.2% 54.6% 136,238 124,989 15.1% 15.0% 15.1% 15.0% 10.9% 77.2% 10.9% 12.8% 10.4% 10.9% 11.4% 11.0% 55.9% 57.1%	72,793 70,445 68,762 10.3% 11.5% 13.5% 26.6% 26.9% 26.5% 63.1% 61.7% 60.0% 55.2% 54.6% 53.2% 136,238 124,989 124,203 15.1% 15.0% 14.1% 79.2% 77.2% 77.6% 10.4% 10.9% 12.8% 10.4% 10.9% 10.3% 11.4% 11.0% 11.1% 55.9% 57.1% 58.4% 72,272 76,937 74,687

Commentary

999 - When comparing June 2022 against June 2021 in terms of incident outcome proportions within 999, the proportion of Hear & Treat has increased by 3.2%, See, Treat & Refer has decreased by 0.1% and See, Treat & Convey has decreased by 3.1%. The proportion of incidents with conveyance to ED has decreased by 1.9% from June 2021 and the proportion of incidents conveyed to non-ED has decreased by 1.2%.

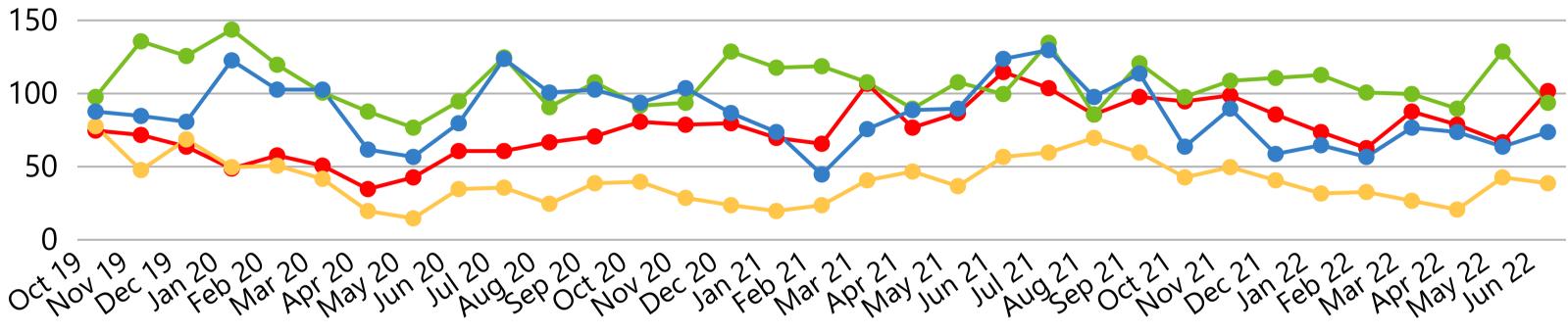
IUC - The proportion of callers given an ambulance outcome continues to be slightly lower than historical levels. Meanwhile, primary care outcomes remain at a higher level than in the early stages of the Covid-19 pandemic. The proportion of callers given an ED outcome is now consistently around 14-15%, several percentage points higher than historic levels, however within that there has been a shift. The proportion of ED outcomes where the patient was referred to a UTC is now consistently over 10%, compared with only around 2-3% historically. Correspondingly, the proportion of ED outcomes where the patient was referred to an A&E has fallen from nearly 90% historically to 80% now. This was a key goal of the 111 First programme aiming to reduce the burden on Emergency Departments by directing patients to more appropriate care settings.





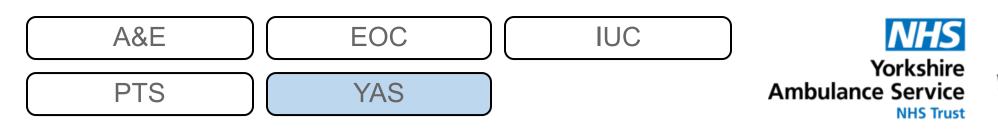
Patient Experience (Director Responsible - Clare Ashby)

Patient	Relations			
Indicator	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22	
Service to Service	123	63	73	200
Concern	56	42	38	150
Compliment	99	128	93	
Complaint	114	66	101	100
				50



YAS Corr				
	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22	Patient Relations – T complaints relating to
% FOI Request Compliance	96.9%	83.3%	92.0%	remain at a good leve

FOI Compliance is consistently remaining above the target of 90%



Complaints, Compliments, Concerns and Service to Service

Complaint Compliment Concern Service to Service

YAS Comments

There has been an increase in service to service and complaints from May to June, with many of the to delayed responses due to increase in demand on all service lines. Compliments for the services vel despite the operational pressures.

<u>Click information button for Monthly Table View</u>





Patient Safety - Quality (Director Responsible - Clare Ashby)

Incidents											
Indicator	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22								
All Incidents Reported	760	724	708	50							
Medication Related	59	111		50							
Moderate & Above Harm - Total	32	31	38		~						
Number of duty of candour contacts	9	6	10	0	14 20	22 17 14					
Number of RIDDORs Submitted	7	4	3	IUN	19,19,19 101,009	0 19 19 19					
Serious	8	2	8	J							
YAS Child and Adult Safeguarding											
Indicator	Ju	un 21 Ma	ay 22 Ju	n 22 🧳	^						
Adult Safeguarding Referrals	1	,512 1,	708 1,	656	2K —	.0K 0.9K					
Child Safeguarding Referrals		711 9)54 8	350	1K -	<u>6K 0.6K</u>					
% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L1) 9	6.9% 79	9.4% 82	2.5%	0К —						
% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L2	2) 8	2.4% 92	2.5% 92	2.5%	10						
% Trained Safeguarding for Adults (L1)	9	6.1% 92	2.5% 92	2.3%	~ =	Aug Sep Oct					
A&E Long Respo	onses				YAS (Comments					
Indicator $0.00 - C1$ Responses > 15 Mins	22		guarding a '21 figure								

589

2,234

744

2,779

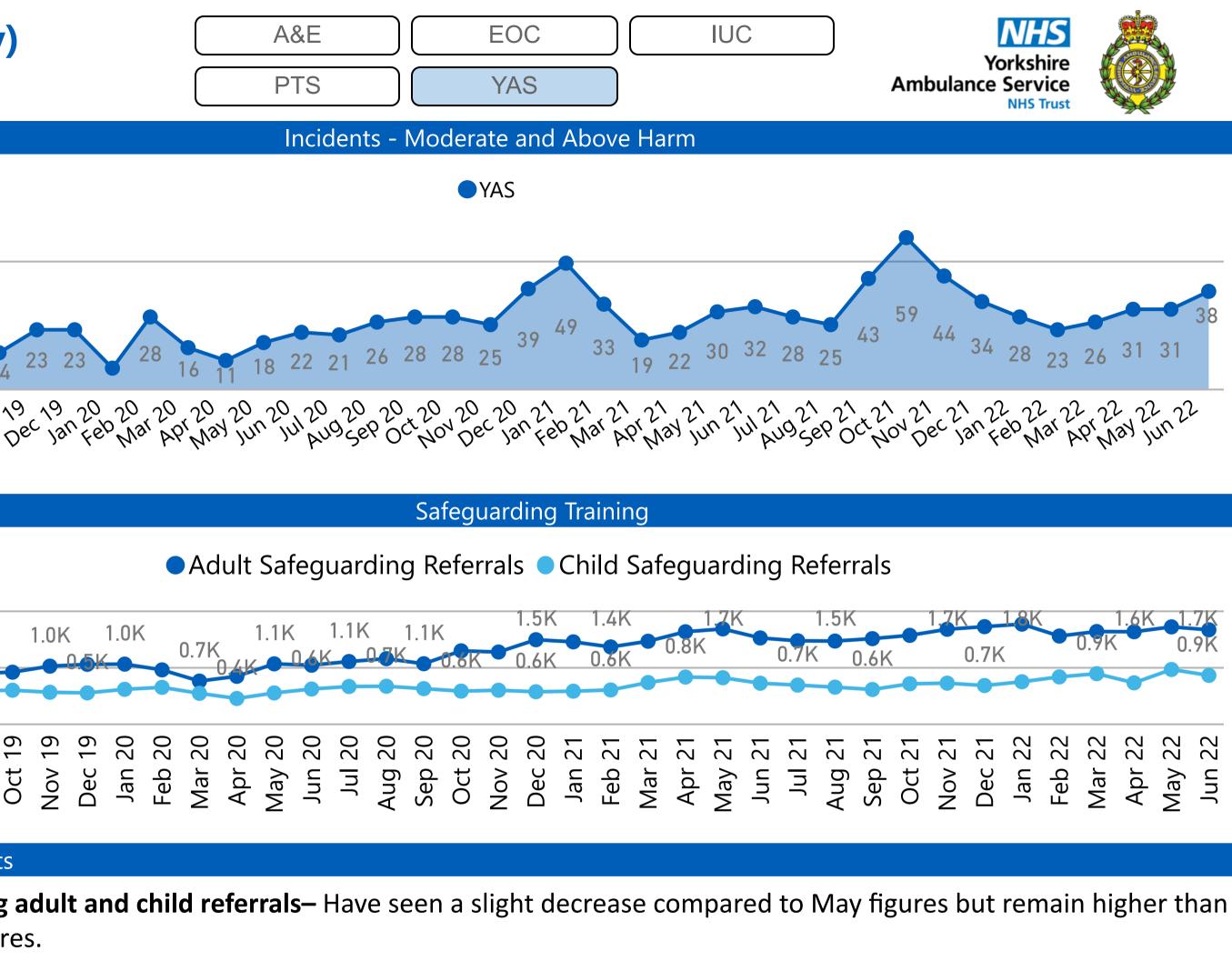
1,085

5,469

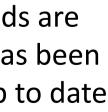
	•			
999 - C2	Responses	>	80	Mins

999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins

YAS IPC Compliance											
Indicator	Jun 21	May 22	Jun 22								
% Compliance with Hand Hygiene		99.4%									
% Compliance with Premise	99.0%	99.2%	98.3%								
% Compliance with Vehicle	99.0%	95.9%	98.5%								



Safeguarding training – level 2 training is above the expected range of 85%. Increasing operational demands are affecting time for training and eLearning time provision has not been replaced since face to face training has been suspended. Trust managers, supported by the communications team, are working to ensure all staff are up to date with their eLearning.



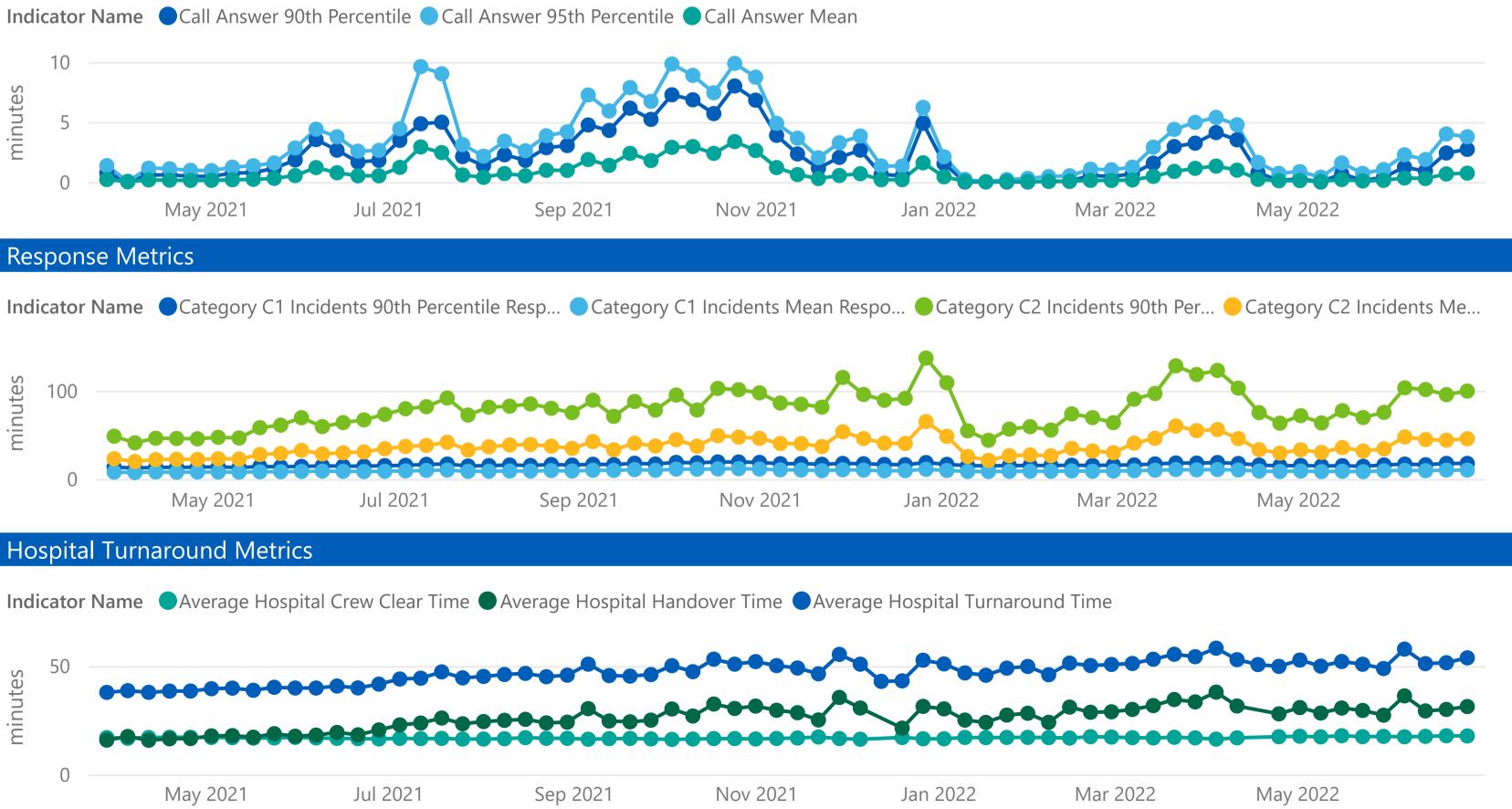


Patient Safety (Harm)

Commentary:

Yorkshire Ambulance Service NHS Trust are looking into three areas of the patient's journey which could cause harm. These have been highlighted as call to answer, delayed responses and hospital turnaround. Looking at these three areas can help the Trust triangulate data to identify areas of potential harm and improvement. These areas highlighted are monitored through the Trust Management Group. If a patient experiences more than one of the areas of potential harm this then generates a flag seen in the "instances where a call appears in more than 1 top 10 list". A clinical review is then undertaken. 1 exceptions was highlighted for this IPR period of time but with no clinical harm.

Call Answer Metrics (call data available from 7th September onwards)





Instances where a call appears in more than 1 top 10 list

Date ▼	Handover	Response	Telephony
Tuesday, February 01, 2022			
Thursday, November 18, 2021			

Call Answer Metrics

Indicator Name	Jun 21	May 22
Call Answer 90th Percentile	00:02:27	00:00:12
Call Answer 95th Percentile	00:03:34	00:00:50
Call Answer Mean	00:00:45	00:00:07

Response Metrics			
Indicator Name	Jun 21	May 22	J
Category C1 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time	00:14:24	00:14:55	(
Category C1 Incidents Mean Response Time	00:08:31	00:08:34	(
Category C2 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time	01:04:34	01:10:35	(
Category C2 Incidents Mean Response Time	00:30:04	00:32:42	(

Hospital Turnaround Metrics

Indicator Name	Jun 21	May 22
Average Hospital Crew Clear Time	00:16:39	00:17:30
Average Hospital Handover Time	00:18:31	00:29:38
Average Hospital Turnaround Time	00:40:11	00:51:18









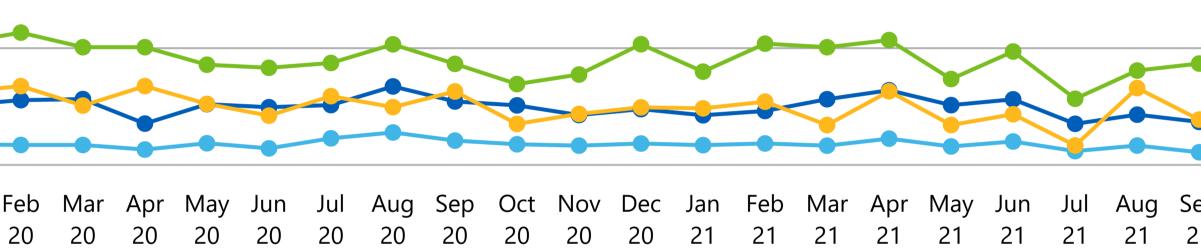
Patient Clinical Effectiveness (Director Responsible Julian Mark)

Care Bundles (Last 3 Results)										Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project (MINAP)						
Indicator	Apr 21	May 21	Jun 21	Jul 21	Aug 21	Sep 21	Oct 21	Nov 21	Dec 21	Jan 22	Feb 22	Indicator	Jul 21	Aug 21	Sep 21	0
Sepsis %			85.0%			87.0%			86.0%			Number of STEMI Patients	132	128	118	
STEMI %	68.0%			66.0%			73.0%			72.0%		Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (Mean)	144	150	151	
Stroke %		96.0%			97.0%			93.0%			95.0%	Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (90th Percentile)	197	215	212	
													-			
Sentina	al Stroke	Nation	al Audi	t Progra	amme (SSNAP)						ROSC and Survival				
Indicator Nov 21 Dec			21 Dec 2	21 Jan 2	2 Fe	OHCAO ROSC % OHCAO Survival % ROSC UTSTEIN % Survival UTSTEIN - Discharged Alive %										
Avg Time fro	rom call to	hospita	al	103	107	' 86	Ç									
Total Patien	nts			429	420) 380	3									
				123	120			00/								

<	Pa contacte as Droportion	of Inciden	t Cator		50%						
	Indicator	Jun 21	Jul 21	Aug 21		-					
Re-	contacts - H&T (%)	5.9%	4.9%	5.2%	0%	—					
Re-	contacts - S&T (%)	5.2%	4.6%	4.6%		Jan	Feb	Mar	May	Jun	F
Re-	contacts - Conveyed (%)	6.1%	5.6%	5.8%		19	19	19	19	19	

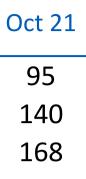
Sepsis Care Bundle – Data evidences increase in care bundle compliance from 78% in December 2020 to 86% in December 2021. Hospital pre- alert remains largely responsible for the majority of failures. It has been widely agreed that pre- alert is not appropriate for all sepsis patients & a national decision has been made to stop reporting this ACQI in summer 2022. The ePR has updated to trigger sepsis warning flags when the observations are inputted and pre-alert will become a mandatory field in the next release of the ePR. An updated sepsis decision tool and 10/10/10 campaign which will be launched early February and aims to increase awareness of the care bundle and reduce on scene time for patients with Red Flag Sepsis. **STEMI Care Bundle** – Care bundle compliance currently demonstrates an upward trend in 2021 when compared with previous years. In April 2021 YAS achieved 68% compliance up from 61% in January 2021, July 2021 demonstrated 66%. A further increase to 73% in October 2021 confirms this trend. Analgesia administration has been identified as the main cause of this variability with GTN lowering patient pain score on scene, negating analgesia requirement. A review of the Acute Coronary Syndrome pathway is underway as well as the technical guidance under which this measure is audited. Recording of two pain scores (pre & post analgesia) is also an contributing factor to care bundle failures. Further work is currently being undertaken by YAS clinicial informatics & audit team to circulate these findings to front-line clinicians. Further review of the ACQIs by the national audit group also suggests that this element of the care bundle may be amended in the near future. Stroke Care Bundle – Consistently performing in the 90% range, compliance could be improved with better documentation of patient blood sugar. The revised 10/10/10 and FASTO campaign was launched in Q3 2019/20. Blood pressure & FAST test recording compliance sits at above 99%, whilst the recording of blood sugar is currently at 93% across the trust. Communication of this trend to front-line clinicians has taken place. National decision has been made to stop reporting of this ACQI measure in 2022. Cardiac Arrest Outcomes – YAS perform well in both Survival to discharge and ROSC against the national average. The highest number of patients to survive for one month was 38 out of 270 during Nov 16. Analysis from Apr 16 to Mar 20 depicts normal variation with proportion of YAS patients who survive to discharge following OHCA, therefore no special causes need to be investigated at this point of analysis. Analysis for ROSC demonstrates special cause variation in April 2020 & July 2021; further investigation demonstrates worsened patient acuity during these months is largely due to the current pandemic. Furthermore, survival rates for July, September, October & December 2021 (5%, 5%, 6% & 5% respectively) all sit below the previous rates for this time of year. This, again, has been attributed to the COVID- 19 pandemic.

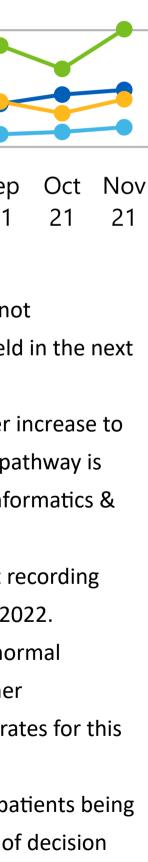
Re-contacts with 72 hours has traditionally been difficult to monitor but as the number of patients matched to NHS numbers increases, this valuable data is now more readily available. There has been a small but steady increase in the number of patients being referred to alternative providers following the increase in non-conveyance pathways and with the exception of the peak of the pandemic, there has been no change in re-contact. The Safer Right Care, Right Place project aims to improve the safety of decision making and reduce avoidable conveyances.







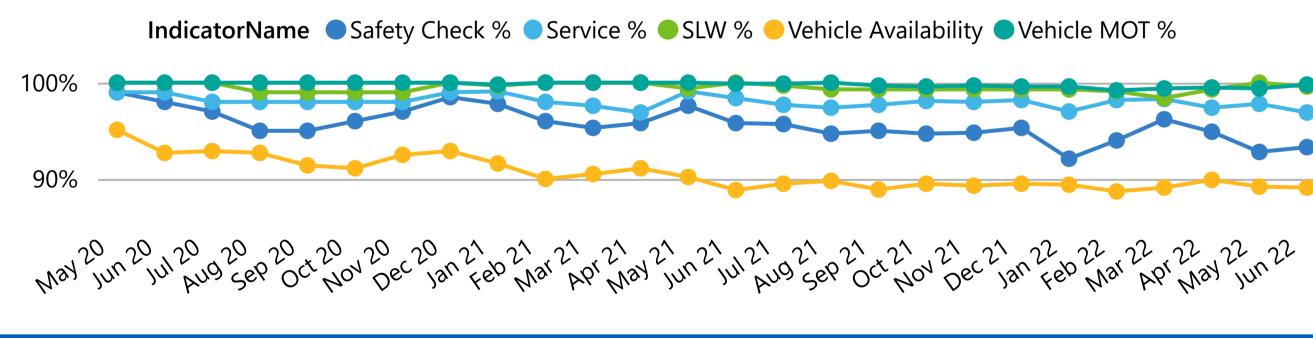




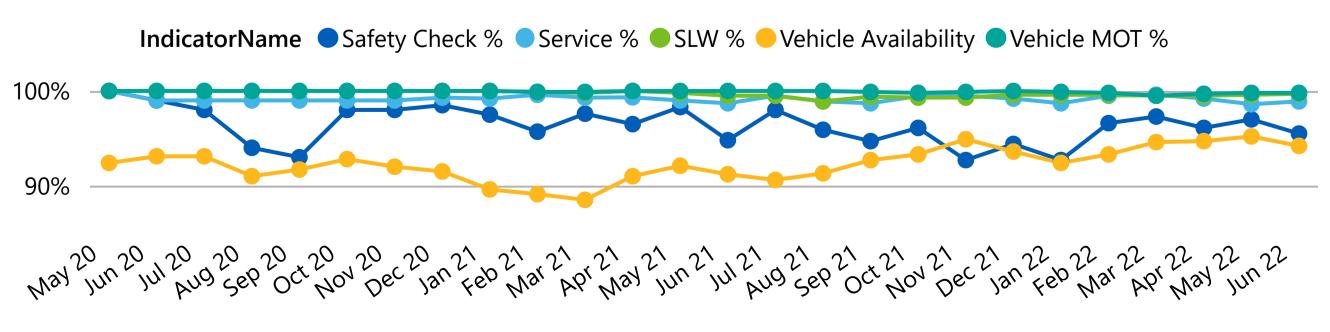
Fleet and Estates

Estates		
Indicator	Jun 21	May 22
P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	100.0%	66.7%
P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	50.0%	83.3%
P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	93.0%	92.9%
P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	84.2%	81.0%
Planned Maintenance Complete	99.0%	99.8%
P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	97.4%	94.4%
P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	79.5%	72.2%

999 Fleet







Estates Comments

999 Fleet Age		PTS Age			
IndicatorName	Jun 21 Jun 22	IndicatorName	Jun 21 Jui		
Vehicle age +7	3.4% 8.1%	Vehicle age +7	19.4% 7.		
Vehicle age +10	0.4% 1.6%	Vehicle age +10	10.3% 1.		

Fleet Comments



un 22 7.9% 1.0%

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (A&E)

A&E			
mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
AMB26	999 - C1 90th (T <15Mins)	time	Across all C1 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB25	999 - C1 Mean (T <7Mins)	time	Across all C1 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB32	999 - C2 90th (T <40Mins)	time	Across all C2 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB31	999 - C2 Mean (T <18mins)	time	Across all C2 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB35	999 - C3 90th (T -<2Hrs)	time	Across all C3 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB34	999 - C3 Mean (T - <1Hr)	time	Across all C3 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB38	999 - C4 90th (T < 3Hrs)	time	Across all C4 incidents, the 90th percentile response time.
AMB37	999 - C4 Mean	time	Across all C4 incidents, the mean response time.
AMB78	999 - C1 90th (Trajectory)	time	C1 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB77	999 - C1 Mean (Trajectory)	time	C1 Incidents Mean Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB80	999 - C2 90th (Trajectory)	time	C2 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB79	999 - C2 Mean (Trajectory)	time	C2 Incidents Mean Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB82	999 - C3 90th (Trajectory)	time	C3 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB81	999 - C3 Mean (Trajectory)	time	C3 Incidents Mean Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB83	999 - C4 90th (Trajectory)	time	C4 Incidents 90th Percentile Response Time (Trajectory)
AMB84	999 - Call Answer Mean (Trajectory)	time	Call Answer Mean (Trajectory)
AMB01	999 - Total Calls via Telephony (AQI)	int	Count of all calls answered.
AMB07	999 - Incidents (HT+STR+STC)	int	Count of all incidents.
AMB59	999 - C1 Responses > 15 Mins	int	Count of Cat 1 incidents with a response time greater than the 90th percentile target.
AMB60	999 - C2 Responses > 80 Mins	int	Count of Cat 2 incidents with a response time greater than 2 x the 90th percentile target.
AMB56	999 - Face to Face Incidents (STR + STC)	int	Count of incidents dealt with face to face.
AMB17	999 - Hear and Treat (HT)	int	Count of incidents not receiving a face-to-face response.
ΔMR53 <	999 - Conveyance to FD	int	Count of incidents with any natients transnorted to an Emergency Department (ED) including incidents



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s where	V

Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (IUC and PTS)

IUC and F	PTS		
mID	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
IUC01	IUC - Call Answered	int	Number of calls an
IUC03	IUC - Calls Answered Above Ceiling	percent	Percentage differer
IUC02	IUC - Calls Abandoned	percent	Percentage of calls
IUC07	IUC - Call back in 1 Hour	percent	Percentage of patie
IUC31	IUC - Core Clinical Advice	percent	Proportion of calls
IUC08	IUC - Direct Bookings	percent	Percentage of calls appointment direct
IUC12	IUC - ED Validations %	percent	Proportion of calls
IUC13	IUC - Ambulance validations %	percent	Percentage of initia
IUC14	IUC - ED %	percent	Percentage of triag
IUC15	IUC - Ambulance %	percent	Percentage of triag
IUC16	IUC - Selfcare %	percent	Percentage of triag
IUC17	IUC - Other Outcome %	percent	Percentage of triag
IUC18	IUC - Primary Care %	percent	Percentage of triag
PTS01	PTS - Demand (Journeys)	int	Count of delivered
PTS02	PTS - Journeys < 120Mins	percent	Patients picked up
PTS03	PTS - Arrive at Appointment Time	percent	Patients dropped o
PTS04	PTS - % Pre Planned - Pickup < 90 Mins	percent	Pre Planned patien
PTS05	PTS - % Short notice - Pickup < 120 mins	percent	Short Notice patier
PTS06	PTS - Answered < 180 Secs	percent	The percentage of



nswered ence between actual number of calls answered and the contract ceiling level s offered that were abandoned ients that were offered a call back by a clinician that were called within 1 hour assessed by a clinician or Clinical Advisor s where the patient was recommended to contact a primary care service that had an ctly booked. This indicator includes system bookings made by external providers initially given an ED disposition that are validated ial Category 3 or 4 ambulance outcomes that were clinically validated ged calls that reached an Emergency Department outcome ged calls that reached an ambulance dispatch outcome ged calls that reached an self care outcome ged calls that reached any other outcome ged calls that reached a Primary Care outcome l journeys, aborted journeys and escorts on journeys and dropped off within 120 minutes off at hospital before Appointment Time nts to be picked up within 90 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital ents to be picked up within 120 minutes of being marked 'Ready' by the hospital calls answered within 180 seconds via the telephony system



Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Quality and Safety)

Quality a	ind Safety	
mID	ShortName	Indicato
QS01	All Incidents Reported	int
QS02	Serious	int
QS03	Moderate & Above Harm	int
QS04	Medication Related	int
QS05	Number of duty of candour contacts	int
QS06	Duty of candour contacts exceptions	int
QS07	Complaint	int
QS08	Compliment	int
QS09	Concern	int
QS10	Service to Service	int
QS11	Adult Safeguarding Referrals	int
QS12	Child Safeguarding Referrals	int
QS13	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L1)	percent
QS14	% Trained Safeguarding for Children (L2)	percent
QS15	% Trained Safeguarding for Adults (L1)	percent
QS17	% FOI Request Compliance	percent
QS18	% Compliance with Hand Hygiene	percent
QS19	% Compliance with Premise	percent
QS20	% Compliance with Vehicle	percent
QS26	Moderate and Above Harm (Per 1K Incidents)	int
QS28	Moderate & Above Harm (Verified)	int
QS29	Patient Incidents - Major, Catastrophic, Catastrophic (death)	int
\int_{C}	Patient Incidents - Maior Catastronhic Catastronhic (death) (verified)	int



torType	AQIDescription
nt	



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Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Workforce)

Workford	ce		
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	AQIDescription
WF36	Headcount in Post	int	Headcount of prim
WF35	Special Leave	percent	Special Leave (eg: (
WF34	Fire Safety & Awareness - 1 Year	percent	Percentage of staff
WF33	Information Governance - 1 Year	percent	Percentage of staff
WF28	Safeguarding Adults Level 2 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of staff
WF24	Safeguarding Adults Level 1 - 3 Years	percent	Percentage of staff
WF19	Vacancy Rate %	percent	Full Time Equivaler
WF18	FTE in Post %	percent	Full Time Equivaler
WF17	Apprentice %	percent	The percentage of
WF16	Disabled %	percent	The percentage of
WF14	Stat & Mand Training (Face to Face)	percent	Percentage of staff Patients" and "Con
WF13	Stat & Mand Training (Safeguarding L2 +)	percent	Percentage of staff Adults Level 2" and
WF12	Stat & Mand Training (Core) 3Y	percent	Percentage of staff Handling Loads", ' 1", "Prevent Aware competency requir
WF11	Stat & Mand Training (Fire & IG) 1Y	percent	Percentage of staff & Awareness"
WF07	Sickness - Total % (T-5%)	percent	All Sickness as a pe
WF05	PDR / Staff Appraisals % (T-90%)	percent	Percentage of staff
WF04	Turnover (FTE) %	percent	The number of stat
WF02	BME %	percent	The percentage of

mary assignments

- Carers leave, compassionate leave) as a percentage of FTE days in the period.
- ff with an in date competency in Fire Safety & Awareness 1 Year
- f with an in date competency in Information Governance 1 Year
- ff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Adults Level 2 3 Years
- ff with an in date competency in Safeguarding Adults Level 1 3 Years
- ent Staff required to fill the budgeted amount as a percentage
- ent Staff in post, calculated as a percentage of the budgeted amount
- f staff who are on an apprenticeship
- f staff who identify as being disabled
- ff with an in date competency for "Basic Life Support" , "Moving and Handling nflict Resolution" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR
- ff with an in date competency for "Safeguarding Children Level 2", "Safeguarding Ind "Prevent WRAP" as required by the competency requirements set in ESR
- ff with an in date competency for "Health Risk & Safety Awareness", "Moving and "Infection Control", "Safeguarding Children Level 1", "Safeguarding Adults Level reness" and "Equality, Diversity and Human Rights" as required by the irements set in ESR
- ff with an in date competency for both "Information Governance" and "Fire Safety

percentage of FTE days in the period

- ff with an in date Personal Development Review, also known as an Appraisal
- aff leaving (FTE) in the period relative to the average FTE in post for the period
- f staff who identify as belonging to a Black or Minority Ethnic background



Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Clinical)

Clinical			
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	De
CLN39	Re-contacts - Conveyed (%)	percent	Pro
CLN37	Re-contacts - S&T (%)	percent	Pro
CLN35	Re-contacts - H&T (%)	percent	Pro
CLN32	Survival UTSTEIN - Patients Discharged Alive	int	Su
CLN30	ROSC UTSTEIN %	percent	RC
CLN28	ROSC UTSTEIN Patients	int	RC
CLN27	ePR Referrals (%)	percent	Pro
CLN24	Re-contacts (%)	percent	Pro
CLN21	Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (90th Percentile)	int	MI
CLN20	Call to Balloon Mins for STEMI Patients (Mean)	int	MI
CLN18	Number of STEMI Patients	int	Nu
CLN17	Avg Time from call to hospital	int	SS
CLN15	Stroke %	percent	Pro the
CLN12	Sepsis %	percent	Pro sco
CLN09	STEMI %	percent	Pro the
CLN06	OHCAO Survival %	percent	Pro fol res
CLN03	OHCAO ROSC %	percent	Pro fol BLS

escription

roportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

roportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

roportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

urvival UTSTEIN - Of R4n, patients discharged from hospital alive.

OSC UTSTEIN - Proportion who had ROSC on arrival at hospital.

OSC UTSTEIN - Patients with resuscitation commenced / continued by Ambulance Service.

oportion of ePR referrals made by YAS crews at scene.

oportion of patients contacting YAS within 72 hours of initial contact.

IINAP - For M3n, 90th centile time from call to catheter insertion for angiography.

IINAP - For M3n, mean average time from call to catheter insertion for angiography.

umber of patients in the MINAP dataset an initial diagnosis of myocardial infarction.

SNAP - Avg Time from call to hospital.

roportion of adult patients with a pre-hospital impression of suspected stroke who received ne appropriate best practice care bundle.

roportion of adult patients with a pre- hospital impression of suspected sepsis with a NEWs2 core of 7 and above who received the appropriate best practice care bundle

roportion of patients with a pre-hospital clinical working impression of STEMI who received ne appropriate best practice care bundle

roportion of patients who survived to discharge or were alive in hospital after 30 days ollowing an out of hospital cardiac arrest during which YAS continued or commenced esuscitation

Proportion of patients who had return of spontaneous circulation upon hospital arrival following an out of hospital cardiac arrest during which YAS continued or commenced BLS/ALS





Glossary - Indicator Descriptions (Fleet and Estates)

Fleet and	Estates		
mID ▼	ShortName	IndicatorType	Des
FLE07	Service %	percent	Ser
FLE06	Safety Check %	percent	Safe
FLE05	SLW %	percent	Ser con
FLE04	Vehicle MOT %	percent	MO
FLE03	Vehicle Availability	percent	Ava
FLE02	Vehicle age +10	percent	Veh
FLE01	Vehicle age 7-10	percent	Veh
EST14	P6 Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks	percent	P6
EST13	P6 Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks	percent	P6
EST12	P2 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P2
EST11	P2 Emergency (4 HRS)	percent	P2
EST10	Planned Maintenance Complete	percent	Plar
EST09	All calls (Completion) - average	percent	Ave
EST08	P4 Non Emergency – Complete (<14 Days)	percent	P4
EST07	P3 Non Emergency – Complete (<72rs)	percent	P3
EST06	P1 Emergency – Complete (<24Hrs)	percent	P1
EST05	Planned Maintenance Attendance	percent	Ave
EST04	All calls (Attendance) - average	percent	All
EST03	P4 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P4
EST02	P3 Non Emergency (<24Hrs)	percent	P3
EST01	P1 Emergency (2 HRS)	percent	P1



escription

rvice level compliance
fety check compliance
rvice LOLER (Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations) and weight test mpliance
OT compliance
ailability of fleet across the trust
hicles across the fleet of 10 years or more
hicles across the fleet of 7 years or more
Non Emergency - Complete within 4 weeks
Non Emergency - Attend within 2 weeks
Emergency – Complete within 24 hrs compliance
Emergency – attend within 4 hrs compliance
anned maintenance completion compliance
verage completion compliance across all calls
Non Emergency completed within 14 working days compliance
Non Emergency completed within 72 hours compliance
Emergency completed within 24 hours compliance
verage attendance compliance across all calls
l calls (Attendance) - average
Non Emergency attended within 2 working days compliance
Non Emergency attended within 24 hours compliance

Emergency attended within 2 hours compliance

